

OX2OX Migration Framework Target Technical Documentation for 2.1.0

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Contents

1	General Information	2
	1.1 Warnings	2
	1.2 Delivery Comment	2
	1.3 Install Package Repository	2
	1.4 Build Dependencies	2
	1.5 Notice	2
2	Shipped Packages and Version	3
	2.1 Package open-xchange-omf-target	3
	2.1.1 Installation	3
	2.1.2 Configuration	3
	2.2 Package open-xchange-omf-target-guard	3
	2.2.1 Installation	3
	2.3 Package open-xchange-omf-worker	4
	2.3.1 Installation	4
	2.3.2 Configuration	4
Α	Configuration Files	4

A Configuration Files



1 General Information

1.1 Warnings

\land Warning

This preview delivery is not for productive usage and not affected by service-level agreements.

🔔 Warning

It is mandatory to restart the **open-xchange** service on all middleware nodes after performing the update.

\land Warning

Custom configuration or template files are potentially not updated automatically. After the update, please always check for files with a **.dpkg-new** or **.rpmnew** suffix and merge the changes manually. Configuration file changes are listed in their own respective section below but don't include changes to template files. For details about all the configuration files and templates shipped as part of this delivery, please read the relevant section of each package.

1.2 Delivery Comment

This delivery was requested with following comment:

OMF Target 2.1.0 Preview Delivery 7

1.3 Install Package Repository

This delivery is part of a restricted preview software repository:

```
https://software.open-xchange.com/components/omf-target/preview/2.1.0/DebianBuster-7.10.
4
https://software.open-xchange.com/components/omf-target/preview/2.1.0/DebianStretch-7.10.
5
https://software.open-xchange.com/components/omf-target/preview/2.1.0/DebianStretch-7.10.
5
https://software.open-xchange.com/components/omf-target/preview/2.1.0/RHEL7-7.10.4
https://software.open-xchange.com/components/omf-target/preview/2.1.0/RHEL7-7.10.5
```

1.4 Build Dependencies

This delivery was build with following dependencies:

```
backend-7.10.5-rev17,plugins-1.6.5-rev2,cloud-plugins-1.11.6-rev1, guard-2.10.5-rev8,backend-7.10.4-rev25,guard-2.10.4-rev7
```

1.5 Notice

🛈 Info

Some configurations can be changed without restarting the service, please call following command for getting a list of supported settings.

/opt/open-xchange/sbin/listreloadables

Please use following command to enable capable and changed configurations on a running system.



/opt/open-xchange/sbin/reloadconfiguration

2 Shipped Packages and Version

2.1 Package open-xchange-omf-target

OMF Migration Target Features OX2OX Migration Framework components for the migration target system.

Version: 2.1.0-7 Type: OX Middleware Plugin Depends on:

```
open-xchange-admin (<<7.10.6)
open-xchange-admin (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-cloudplugins (<=1.12.0)
open-xchange-cloudplugins (>=1.11.3)
open-xchange-core (<=7.10.6)
open-xchange-core (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-grizzly (<=7.10.6)
open-xchange-grizzly (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-mailfilter (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-rest (<=7.10.6)
open-xchange-rest (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-rest (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-rest (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-rest (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-sql-client (<=1.7.0)
open-xchange-sql-client (>=1.6.0)
```

2.1.1 Installation

Install on OX middleware nodes with package installer **apt-get** or **yum**:

<package installer> install open-xchange-omf-target

2.1.2 Configuration

For details, please see appendix A /opt/open-xchange/etc/omf-target.properties (page 6) /opt/open-xchange/etc/sql-client.d/omf-client-pools.yaml (page 8)

2.2 Package open-xchange-omf-target-guard

OMF Migration Target for Guard Version: 2.1.0-7 Type: OX Middleware Plugin Depends on:

```
open-xchange-guard (>=2.10.4)
open-xchange-omf-target (>=2.1.0)
```

2.2.1 Installation

Install on OX middleware nodes with package installer **apt-get** or **yum**:

<package installer> install open-xchange-omf-target-guard



2.3 Package open-xchange-omf-worker

OMF Migration Worker Features OX2OX Migration Framework components for Worker nodes. Version: 2.1.0-7

Type: OX Middleware Plugin Depends on:

```
open-xchange-admin (<<7.10.6)
open-xchange-admin (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-admin-reseller (<<7.10.6)
open-xchange-admin-reseller (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-cloudplugins (<=1.12.0)
open-xchange-cloudplugins (>=1.11.3)
open-xchange-core (<<7.10.6)
open-xchange-core (>=7.10.4)
open-xchange-sql-client (<<1.7.0)
open-xchange-sql-client (>=1.6.0)
```

2.3.1 Installation

Install on OX middleware nodes with package installer **apt-get** or **yum**:

```
<package installer> install open-xchange-omf-worker
```

2.3.2 Configuration

For details, please see appendix A /opt/open-xchange/etc/omf-target.properties (page 10) /opt/open-xchange/etc/omf-worker.properties (page 20) /opt/open-xchange/etc/omf-feature-mapping.yml (page 23) /opt/open-xchange/etc/sql-client.d/omf-client-pools.yaml (page 24)

A Configuration Files

File 1 /opt/open-xchange/etc/omf-target.properties

```
123456789
    ###
    ### Target Configuration
    ###
    # Set the OMF target name of this App Suite instance/cluster.
    # The value should be defined per brand, where the brand will be matched
    # against the brand a context will be created in by the dual-provisioning.
    #
    # An example for the ficticious brand 'acme':
10
    #
11
    # com.openexchange.omf.target.provision.target.acme=ox_acme
12
    #
13
   # where 'ox_acme' must match the corresponding 'name' attribute of a Target
14
    # which is configured into the Scheduler using the Orchestrator's
15
    # 'omf target create' command.
16
   #
17
   # One may also define a fallback target name that will be used if no explicit
18
   # target name property matches:
19
   # com.openexchange.omf.target.provision.target._=ox_brand1
20
21
    # Note that an empty value or one that one contains whitespaces is treated
22
    # as undefined.
23
   #
24
   # There is no default value, but if no value is defined per-brand or as a
25
    # fallback by configuration, the migration database for the respective source
26
    # will be queried, first looking to match the brand name against rows in the
```



```
27
    # 'target' table, and as a last resort, the only 'target' row entry if there is
28
    # only one.
29
    #
30
    # If none of those mechanisms match, the provisioning call will fail.
31
32
    com.openexchange.omf.target.provision.target._=
33
34
35
36
    ###
    ### REST API Credentials
    ###
37
38
    # The login of the user allowed to access the webservices
39
    # Parameter is mandatory
40
    com.openexchange.omf.target.basic.username=
41
42
    # The password of the user allowed to access the webservices
43
    # Parameter is mandatory
44
    com.openexchange.omf.target.basic.password=
45
46
    ###
47
    ### HTTPS Client Settings
48
    ###
49
50
    # Location of the JKS trust store file that contains the certificates of the source and
51
    # the target HTTPS endpoints.
52
    # Note that this configuration setting is only applied when the URL to the source and/or
        the
53
    # target App Suite endpoints are using the HTTPS protocol.
54
    #
55
    # The default value is empty, which causes the use of the CA certificates that are bundled
56
    # with the Java Runtime Environment.
57
    #
58
59
    # Example:
    # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file=/opt/open-xchange/omf/worker-keystore.jks
60
61
    # Example for using the bundled CA certificates:
62
    # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file=
63
    com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file=
64
65
    # The password to use to open the JKS trust store file.
66
    # Only relevant when the configuration parameter above has been set.
67
    # Leave empty if no password is necessary (which is the common practice and, hence, the
        default).
68
69
    # Example with no password being needed to access the trust store file:
70
    # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password=
71
    # Another example where a password is needed to access the trust store file:
72
    # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password=secret
73
74
    com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password=
75
76
    # The connect timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests.
77
78
    # Example:
    # com.openexchange.omf.http.connect.timeout=2m
79
80
    # Defaults to 1m.
81
    com.openexchange.omf.http.connect.timeout=1m
82
83
    # The read timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests.
84
85
    # Example:
86
    # com.openexchange.omf.http.read.timeout=10m
87
88
    # Defaults to 5m.
89
    com.openexchange.omf.http.read.timeout=5m
90
91
    # The write timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests.
92
93
    # Example:
94
    # com.openexchange.omf.http.write.timeout=10m
95
96
    # Defaults to 5m.
```



97 com.openexchange.omf.http.write.timeout=5m 98 99 # The read timeout for slow outbound HTTP/REST requests. 100 # 101 # Example: 102 # com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.read.timeout=20m 103 # 104 # Defaults to 30m. 105 com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.read.timeout=30m 106 107 # The write timeout for slow outbound HTTP/REST requests. 108 109 # Example: 110 # com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.write.timeout=12m 111 # 112 # Defaults to 30m. 113 com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.write.timeout=30m 114 115 ### 116 ### Migration Database 117 ### 118 # The OMF target migration db url 119 120 # Should be in the format jdbc:mysql://mysql.example.com/migration 121 # Default: <empty> 122 com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.url= 123 # The OMF target migration db user 124 125 # Default: <empty> 126 com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.user= 127 128 # The OMF target migration db password 129 # Default: <empty> 130 com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.password= 131 132 ### 133 ### File Migration Settings 134 ### 135 136 # Global Number of requests going to the source system 137 com.openexchange.omf.target.files.migration.concurrency.global.limit=25 138 139 # Number of requests going to the source system that are initiated by a single inbound request 140 com.openexchange.omf.target.files.migration.concurrency.single.limit=5 141 142 ### 143 ### Provisioning Configuration 144 ### 145 # 146 # Configuration required for the premigration mappings 147 148 #com.openexchange.omf.target.premigration.[reseller].password= 149 150 ### 151 ### Mail Filter Migration Settings 152 ### 153 154 # Skip adding mail filters that have more redirects than the max redirects 155 # configured on the sieve server. If true, then all other filters will be added 156 # and the failed rules will be passed back to the client. If false, then an 157 # exception will be thrown to the web service. 158 com.openexchange.omf.target.mailfilter.skip.redirect.failures=true

File 2 /opt/open-xchange/etc/sql-client.d/omf-client-pools.yaml

1 2 # The top-level key is the identifier of the pool, which can be # any string of text and is being used by the bundles and applications



```
3456789
   # to access that pool configuration.
   # Typically, those are fixed or need to be configured in the bundles
    # that use this library.
   # When Java Security Manager support is enabled, files that are referenced
    # in these configuration files must be in a directory that is already
    # whitelisted, or in a subdirectory thereof, such as
10
    # /opt/open-xchange/etc/
11
12
   # A good candidate would be something along the lines of
13
    # /opt/open-xchange/etc/sql-files/
14
15
    # Otherwise, the filename or its directory must be put into a new .list
16
    # file in the folder
17
    # /opt/open-xchange/etc/security/
18
    # with e.g. the following content:
19
20
    # file:/etc/trust.jks
21
22
    # For a complete list of property values, read https://github.com/brettwooldridge/HikariCP
23
    omf-migration:
24
      # This property directs HikariCP to use "DriverManager-based" configuration.
25
      # We feel that DataSource-based configuration (above) is superior for a variety of
          reasons (see below), but for many deployments there is little significant difference
     # When using this property with "old" drivers, you may also need to set the
26
          driverClassName property, but try it first without.
27
      # Note that if this property is used, you may still use DataSource properties to
          configure your driver and is in fact recommended over driver parameters specified in
           the URL itself.
     # Default: none
28
29
      jdbcUrl: ${com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.url}
30
      # This property sets the default authentication username used when obtaining Connections
           from the underlying driver.
31
      # Note that for DataSources this works in a very deterministic fashion by calling
          DataSource.getConnection(*username*, password) on the underlying DataSource.
32
      # However, for Driver-based configurations, every driver is different.
33
      # In the case of Driver-based, HikariCP will use this username property to set a user
          property in the Properties passed to the driver's DriverManager.getConnection(
          jdbcUrl, props) call.
34
      # If this is not what you need, skip this method entirely and call addDataSourceProperty
          ("username", ...), for example.
35
      # Default: none
36
      username: ${com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.user}
37
      # sets the password of the connection
38
      password: ${com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.password}
39
      # This property controls the minimum number of idle connections that HikariCP tries to
          maintain in the pool.
40
      # If the idle connections dip below this value and total connections in the pool are
          less than maximumPoolSize, HikariCP will make a best effort to add additional
          connections quickly and efficiently.
41
      # However, for maximum performance and responsiveness to spike demands, we recommend not
           setting this value and instead allowing HikariCP to act as a fixed size connection
          pool.
42
      # Default: same as maximumPoolSize
43
      minimumIdle: 0
44
      # This property controls the maximum size that the pool is allowed to reach, including
          both idle and in-use connections.
45
      # Basically this value will determine the maximum number of actual connections to the
          database backend. A reasonable value for this is best determined by your execution
          environment.
46
      # When the pool reaches this size, and no idle connections are available, calls to
          getConnection() will block for up to connectionTimeout milliseconds before timing
          out.
47
      # Default: 10
48
     maximumPoolSize: 10
49
      # This property controls the maximum number of milliseconds that a client
50
      # (that's you) will wait for a connection from the pool. If this time is exceeded
51
      # without a connection becoming available, a SQLException will be thrown. Lowest
52
      # acceptable connection timeout is 250 ms. Default: 30000 (30 seconds)
53
      connectionTimeout: 15000
54
      # the dataSourceProperties configures the driver configured above using the jdbcUrl
```



```
55
      # (some) networking related parameters don't seem to work using mysql (what we are using
          ), see
56
      # https://github.com/brettwooldridge/HikariCP#popular-datasource-class-names
57
      dataSourceProperties:
58
        useUnicode: true
59
        characterEncoding: UTF-8
60
        useTimezone: true
61
        serverTimezone: UTC
62
63
        useSSL: false
        requireSSL: false
64
        verifyServerCertificate: false
65
        enabledTLSProtocols: TLSv1.TLSv1.1.TLSv1.2
```

File 3 /opt/open-xchange/etc/omf-target.properties

```
1
    ###
 2
3
4
5
    ### Target Configuration
    ###
    # Set the OMF target name of this App Suite instance/cluster.
 6
7
8
    # The value should be defined per brand, where the brand will be matched
    # against the brand a context will be created in by the dual-provisioning.
9
    # An example for the ficticious brand 'acme':
10
    #
11
    # com.openexchange.omf.target.provision.target.acme=ox_acme
12
    #
13
    \ensuremath{\texttt{\#}} where 'ox_acme' must match the corresponding 'name' attribute of a Target
14
    # which is configured into the Scheduler using the Orchestrator's
15
    # 'omf target create' command.
16
    #
17
    # One may also define a fallback target name that will be used if no explicit
18
    # target name property matches:
19
    # com.openexchange.omf.target.provision.target._=ox_brand1
20
21
    # Note that an empty value or one that one contains whitespaces is treated
22
    # as undefined.
23
24
    #
    # There is no default value, but if no value is defined per-brand or as a
25
    # fallback by configuration, the migration database for the respective source
26
    # will be queried, first looking to match the brand name against rows in the
27
    # 'target' table, and as a last resort, the only 'target' row entry if there is
28
29
    # only one.
    #
30
    # If none of those mechanisms match, the provisioning call will fail.
31
32
    com.openexchange.omf.target.provision.target._=
33
34
    ###
35
    ### REST API Credentials
36
    ###
37
38
    # The login of the user allowed to access the webservices
39
    # Parameter is mandatory
40
    com.openexchange.omf.target.basic.username=
41
42
    # The password of the user allowed to access the webservices
43
    # Parameter is mandatory
44
    com.openexchange.omf.target.basic.password=
45
46
    ###
47
    ### HTTPS Client Settings
48
    ###
49
50
    # Location of the JKS trust store file that contains the certificates of the source and
51
    # the target HTTPS endpoints.
52
    # Note that this configuration setting is only applied when the URL to the source and/or
        the
```



53 54 55 # target App Suite endpoints are using the HTTPS protocol. # The default value is empty, which causes the use of the CA certificates that are bundled 56 # with the Java Runtime Environment. 57 # 58 # Example: 59 # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file=/opt/open-xchange/omf/worker-keystore.jks 60 # 61 # Example for using the bundled CA certificates: 62 # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file= 63 com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file= 64 65 # The password to use to open the JKS trust store file. 66 # Only relevant when the configuration parameter above has been set. 67 # Leave empty if no password is necessary (which is the common practice and, hence, the default). 68 # 69 # Example with no password being needed to access the trust store file: 70 # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password= 71 72 73 74 # Another example where a password is needed to access the trust store file: # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password=secret com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password= 75 76 77 78 # The connect timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests. # Example: # com.openexchange.omf.http.connect.timeout=2m 79 80 # Defaults to 1m. 81 com.openexchange.omf.http.connect.timeout=1m 82 83 # The read timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests. 84 85 # Example: 86 # com.openexchange.omf.http.read.timeout=10m 87 88 # Defaults to 5m. 89 com.openexchange.omf.http.read.timeout=5m 90 91 # The write timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests. 92 93 # Example: 94 # com.openexchange.omf.http.write.timeout=10m 95 96 # Defaults to 5m. 97 com.openexchange.omf.http.write.timeout=5m 98 99 # The read timeout for slow outbound HTTP/REST requests. 100 101 # Example: 102 # com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.read.timeout=20m 103 104 # Defaults to 30m. 105 com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.read.timeout=30m 106 107 # The write timeout for slow outbound HTTP/REST requests. 108 109 # Example: 110 # com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.write.timeout=12m 111 112 # Defaults to 30m. 113 com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.write.timeout=30m 114 115 ### 116 ### Migration Database 117 ### 118 119 # The OMF target migration db url 120 # Should be in the format jdbc:mysql://mysql.example.com/migration 121 # Default: <empty> 122 com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.url= 123



```
124
     # The OMF target migration db user
125
     # Default: <emptv>
126
     com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.user=
127
    # The OMF target migration db password
128
129
     # Default: <empty>
130
    com.openexchange.omf.target.sql.migration.password=
131
132
     ###
133
     ### File Migration Settings
134
     ###
135
136
     # Global Number of requests going to the source system
137
     com.openexchange.omf.target.files.migration.concurrency.global.limit=25
138
139
     # Number of requests going to the source system that are initiated by a single inbound
         request
140
     com.openexchange.omf.target.files.migration.concurrency.single.limit=5
141
142
     ###
143
    ### Provisioning Configuration
144
     ###
145
    #
146
    # Configuration required for the premigration mappings
147
148
    #com.openexchange.omf.target.premigration.[reseller].password=
149
150
     ###
151
     ### Mail Filter Migration Settings
152
     ###
153
154
    # Skip adding mail filters that have more redirects than the max redirects
155
     # configured on the sieve server. If true, then all other filters will be added
156
    # and the failed rules will be passed back to the client. If false, then an
157
    # exception will be thrown to the web service.
158
    com.openexchange.omf.target.mailfilter.skip.redirect.failures=true
```

File 4 /opt/open-xchange/etc/omf-worker.properties

```
# The OMF Worker configuration mode.
 1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
    #
    # Options:
    # 1. local - uses local configuration files. This is useful for single
    #
          worker node OMF platforms.
    # 2. distributed - uses the Zookeeper distributed configuration
    #
          to distribute the same configuration among all workers in a group.
          This provider creates a single connection to the Zookeeper worker
    #
          group config node and listens for updates.
    #
10
    #
11
    # Default: "local"
12
13
    #
    com.openexchange.omf.worker.config.mode=
14
15
16
    ###
    ### ZooKeeper Configuration
17
    ###
18
19
    # The Zookeeper server address that the client will connect to
20
21
    # This property is required
22
23
24
    # Example: localhost:2181
25
26
    com.openexchange.omf.worker.zookeeper.address=
27
    # The Zookeeper worker group id. Identifies the group that this worker
28
    # belongs to. All worker nodes servicing the same migration should
29
    # use the same id. Worker group member nodes will be created here
```



```
30
    # and the configuration for this group will be used for this worker.
31
32
    # Default value: default
33
    #
34
    # Example: customer1
35
36
    com.openexchange.omf.worker.zookeeper.group.id=
37
38
     # The Worker's id. Identifies the worker within a group of workers.
39
     # This should be unique within a worker group. This id will be used
40
    # as the member id for the worker GroupMember management.
41
42
     # Default value: the hostname
43
     #
44
    # Example: worker1
45
    #
46
    com.openexchange.omf.worker.zookeeper.member.id=
47
48
    # The Zookeeper authentication user
49
50
    # This property is optional
51
52
53
54
55
    # Example: user
     com.openexchange.omf.worker.zookeeper.auth.user=
56
    # The Zookeeper authentication password
57
    #
58
    # This property is optional
59
60
    # Example: password
61
     #
62
    com.openexchange.omf.worker.zookeeper.auth.password=
63
64
    # Worker Status Publishing: when enabled (empty or > 0), this property controls
65
     # after how long the Worker should post its status as being "IDLE" when attempting to
66
    # retrieve the next Batch to process, and also whether it should update its status to
67
     # the ID of the Batch that it starts processing.
68
    #
69
    # When disabled (<= 0), the Worker will not update its status.
70
71
    # The status is kept in the ZooKeeper ZNode tree, under /omf/status/workers/{group}/{
         worker}
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
    # This property is optional, and defauls to 20s.
    # Syntax: <value>[d|h|m|s|ms]
     # Example: com.openexchange.omf.idle.status.after=5s
    com.openexchange.omf.idle.status.after=20s
    ###
79
     ### Sources
80
     ###
81
82
    # The source(s) that this worker services.
83
    # This property tells the worker to collect migration batches for the
84
    # specified source name(s) and determines the Kafka topics the worker
85
     # listens on, each source name bein prefixed with "omf-batch-" to translate
86
    # into a topic name (e.g. a source named "source1" will cause the worker
87
    # to listen on a Kafka topic "omf-batch-source1").
88
89
    \ensuremath{\texttt{\#}} This property is comma delimited and may contain whitespaces between
90
    # entries.
91
    # This property is required.
92
    # It is applied dynamically upon configuration reloading.
93
     # Acceptable values are one or more source names.
94
95
    # Example: source1, source2
96
97
     com.openexchange.omf.worker.sources=
98
99
     ###
100
     ### Migration Database
```



101 ### 102 # 103 # Note that the following properties (com.openexchange.omf.workr.sql.migration.*) # merely act as placeholders that are used in omf-client-pools.yaml 104 105 # Further customization of the database connections to the migration databases may 106 # be customized there and if these properties are not used as placeholders, 107 # changing them here won't have any effect. 108 # 109 110 # The JDBC URI to use to connect to the OMF worker migration database. 111 # Should be in the format jdbc:mysql://omf-migration-db/ 112 # This property is mandatory and has no default value. 113 com.openexchange.omf.worker.sql.migration.url= 114 115 # The username to use to connect to the OMF worker migration database. 116 # This property is mandatory and has no default value. 117 com.openexchange.omf.worker.sql.migration.user= 118 119 # The password to use to connect to the OMF worker migration database. 120 # This property is mandatory and has no default value. 121 com.openexchange.omf.worker.sql.migration.password= 122 123 ### 124 ### HTTPS Client Settings 125 ### 126 127 # Location of the JKS trust store file that contains the certificates of the source and 128 # the target HTTPS endpoints. 129 # Note that this configuration setting is only applied when the URL to the source and/or the 130 # target App Suite endpoints are using the HTTPS protocol. 131 # 132 # The default value is empty, which causes the use of the CA certificates that are bundled 133 # with the Java Runtime Environment. 134 # 135 # Example: 136 # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file=/opt/open-xchange/omf/worker-keystore.jks 137 # 138 # Example for using the bundled CA certificates: 139 # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file= 140 com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.file= 141 142 # The password to use to open the JKS trust store file. 143 # Only relevant when the configuration parameter above has been set. 144 # Leave empty if no password is necessary (which is the common practice and, hence, the default). 145 # 146 # Example with no password being needed to access the trust store file: 147 # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password= 148 # Another example where a password is needed to access the trust store file: 149 # com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password=secret 150 com.openexchange.omf.ssl.truststore.password= 151 152 # The connect timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests. 153 # 154 # Example: 155 # com.openexchange.omf.http.connect.timeout=2m 156 # 157 # Defaults to 1m. 158 com.openexchange.omf.http.connect.timeout=1m 159 160 # The read timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests. 161 162 # Example: 163 # com.openexchange.omf.http.read.timeout=10m 164 # 165 # Defaults to 5m. 166 com.openexchange.omf.http.read.timeout=5m 167 168 # The write timeout for all outbound HTTP/REST requests. 169 # 170 # Example:



171 # com.openexchange.omf.http.write.timeout=10m 172 # 173 # Defaults to 5m. 174 com.openexchange.omf.http.write.timeout=5m 175 176 # The read timeout for slow outbound HTTP/REST requests. 177 # 178 # Example: 179 # com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.read.timeout=20m 180 # 181 # Defaults to 30m. 182 com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.read.timeout=30m 183 184 # The write timeout for slow outbound HTTP/REST requests. 185 # 186 # Example: 187 # com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.write.timeout=12m 188 189 # Defaults to 30m. 190 com.openexchange.omf.http.slow.write.timeout=30m 191 192 ### 193 ### User Quota Settings 194 ### 195 196 # The mode for user guota. 197 # Allowed values are user, context, keep 198 # If user is selected, user quota will be set during premigration of users 199 # If context quota is selected, no user quota will be set and existing user quota will be stripped 200 # If keep is selected, the user quota will not be touched and the existing value will be used on the target 201 # Default: user 202 com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.user.quota.mode=user 203 204 # Setting to control the behaviour when user.quota.mode is set to user. 205 # If set to true, will keep the existing value of the user if present and above O 206 # if set to false, will use the configured default user.quota.defaultQuota 207 # Default: false 208 com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.user.quota.keepIfPresent=false 209 210 # The default Quota for a user, if the user.quota.mode is set to user 211 # Default: 1000L 212 com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.user.quota.defaultQuota=1000 213 214 # What should be the value of the LDAP attribute oxDeliveryStatus for pre-provisioned users? 215 # Default: ORIGINAL 216 # 217 # This property can be overridden in the Source config with key "deliveryStatus" 218 # 219 com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.user.deliveryStatus=ORIGINAL 220 221 # That value can be overridden by target brand. Note that the Source config will 222 # override the target brand override for a Source. 223 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.user.deliveryStatus.[brandName]=... 224 # e.g.: 225 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.user.deliveryStatus.targetBrand1=ORIGINAL226 # When no per-target-brand value is defined here, the value of 227 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.user.deliveryStatus 228 # will be used as the default/fallback. 229 230 ### 231 ### Kafka Configuration 232 ### 233 # 234 # OMF Workers are both Kafka Consumers and Producers: 235 # * the OMF Worker uses a Kafka Consumer to poll jobs from Kafka job 236 queues ("omf-batch-\${sourceName}") # 237 # * the OMF Worker uses a Kafka Producer to send job responses to the 238 # job response queue ("omf-response") 239 #



240 # Use the official Apache Kafka configuration documentation 241 # for all required and optional properties as well as defaults: 242 # Producer: https://kafka.apache.org/documentation/#producerconfigs 243 # Consumer: https://kafka.apache.org/documentation/#consumerconfigs 244 # 245 # The following Producer properties are automatically set by the 246 # worker and cannot be used here: 247 # - key.serializer # - value.serializer 248 249 # - acks # - retries 250 # - client.id 251 252 # - enable.idempotence 253 # # The following Consumer properties are automatically set by the 254 255 # worker and cannot be used here: 256 # - key.deserializer 257 # - value.deserializer 258 # - enable.auto.commit 259 # - max.poll.records 260 # - auto.commit.interval.ms 261 # - group.id 262 # - group.instance.id 263 # - client.id 264 # 265 # Properties of the OMF Producer are prefixed with "kafka.producer." 266 # Ex: "kafka.producer.bootstrap.servers" 267 # 268 # Properties of the OMF Consumer are prefixed with "kafka.consumer." 269 # Ex: "kafka.consumer.bootstrap.servers" 270 # 271 # Properties shared between the producer and consumer can either 272 # be set individually, or using the prefix "kafka.". However, if the 273 # property is set with the producer or consumer prefix, those will 274 # supersede the common property. 275 # Ex: "kafka.bootstrap.servers 276 # 277 278 ### 279 ### Cloud-Plugins Settings 280 ### 281 282 # The mode for user quota. 283 # Allowed values are user, remove, keep 284 # If user is selected, user quota will be set during premigration of users to a configureable default 285 # If remove quota is selected, no user quota will be set and existing user quota will be stripped 286 # If keep is selected, the user quota will not be touched and the existing value will be used on the target if present 287 # Default: user 288 com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.user.quota.mode=user 289 290 # Setting to control the behaviour when user.quota.mode is set to user. 291 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$ If set to true, will keep the existing value of the user if present and above 0 292 # if set to false, will use the configured default user.quota.defaultQuota 293 # Default: true 294 com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.user.quota.keepIfPresent=true 295 296 # The default quota for a user, if the user.quota.mode is set to user 297 # Default: 1000 298 com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.user.quota.defaultQuota=1000 299 300 # Whether to always set the oxDeliveryStatus attribute to HOLD prior to performing 301 # the cutoff (when set to "true"), or only doing so when the current value of the 302 # oxDeliveryStatus attribute is neither empty, OXAAS or BLOCKED (when set to "false"). 303 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$ When this configuration setting is set to "false", and the oxDeliveryStatus 304 # attribute of at least one of the users of a context is set to OXAAS or empty, 305 # then that context will not be migrated. 306 # Use this to avoid overwriting already migrated contexts, as an additional verification 307 # to the context mapping table. 308 #



309 # Default: false 310 com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.status.hold.overwrite=false 311 312 # When the migration of a context fails during cutoff, its oxDeliveryStatus attribute 313 # is set back to its original value when 314 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.keep.deliveryStatus 315 # is set to true. 316 # 317 # This attribute controls whether setting it back to OXAAS or empty should be allowed 318 # (when set to false), or whether its value should be overriden with another value 319 # (when set to true). 320 # When this configuration property is set to true, the value with which oxDeliveryStatus 321 # should be overridden in case of context cutoff migration failure when it's previous 322 # value was empty or OXAAS is defined in 323 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.status.enforce.failed.migration.with 324 # 325 # Default: true 326 com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.status.enforce.failed.migration=true 327 328 # The value with which to override the oxDeliveryStatus after a failed cutoff migration 329 # if its original value was empty or OXAAS and 330 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.status.enforce.failed.migration 331 # is set to true. 332 333 # Default: ORIGINAL 334 com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.status.enforce.failed.migration.with=ORIGINAL 335 336 ### 337 ### File Migration Settings 338 ### 339 340 # Whether to parellelize the various file/filestore related operations: 341 # - synchronizing (downloading and uploading) of files 342 # - updating of filestores quotas 343 # - updating of filestore references 344 # - updating of file references 345 346 # There are multiple options: 347 # 348 # 1. off: the file related operations are not parellelized and, instead, 349 # executed sequentially (one context at a time); 350 # example: 351 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.files.parallel.threads=off 352 # 353 # 2. auto: the operations are parallelized, with as many threads in parallel as there are CPU cores; 354 # 355 # example: 356 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.files.parallel.threads=auto 357 # 358 # 3. a number: the operations are parallelized, with as many thrads in 359 # parallel as specified with that number 360 # example: 361 # $\verb|com.openexchange.omf.worker.files.parallel.threads=4|$ 362 # 363 # Optional. Default: auto 364 com.openexchange.omf.worker.files.parallel.threads=auto 365 366 # Wether to check for missing files on source in the cutover phase 367 # 368 # When enabled, an error will be logged for missing files 369 # 370 # Note that the migration would be stopped anyway on a missing file on the 371 # source because the file could not be migrated as part of the normal preSync 372 # or cutover. 373 com.openexchange.omf.worker.files.check.source.missingFiles=false 374 375 # Wether to check for missing files on the target in the cutover phase 376 377 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$ When enabled, an error will be logged for missing files. The check 378 # will compare all fileRefs in the database with the configured fileStorage 379 # and if any of the fileRefs is missing, an exception is thrown. 380 com.openexchange.omf.worker.files.check.target.missingFiles=false



381 382 ### 383 ### Worker Behavior Configuration 384 ### 385 386 # Whether to update the oxDeliveryStatus attribute in oxCloudUser 387 # entities in the target LDAP (true) or not (false). 388 # Optional, defaults to true. 389 com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.update.deliveryStatus=true 390 391 # When updating the oxDeliveryStatus is enabled (*), this flag configures # whether, in case of the failure of the migration of a context, the 392 393 # oxDeliveryStatus attribute of all the users within that context should 394 # be set to: 395 # - true = their value prior to the migration (true), 396 # - false = the value 'ORIGINAL' (**) 397 398 # (*) see com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.update.deliveryStatus above 399 # (**) or the value defined in com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.failed.deliveryStatus 400 # 401 # Optional, defaults to false 402 com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.keep.deliveryStatus=false 403 404 # When overwriting oxDeliveryStatus with a fixed value in case of a failed 405 # cutover of a context (*), this configuration setting indicates whether 406 # that oxDeliveryStatus value should be 'ORIGINAL' or another value. 407 # 408 # Note that if the value is different from ORIGINAL, OXAAS, HOLD 409 # or BLOCKED, it requires the use of a Cloud-Plugins version that supports 410 # arbitrary oxDeliveryStatus values -- see CP-259 411 # 412 # (*) com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.keep.deliveryStatus=true 413 # 414 # Optional, defaults to ORIGINAL 415 com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.failed.deliveryStatus=ORIGINAL 416 417 # Default maximum duration for a Batch, if it doesn't have a deadline 418 # attached to its Window. 419 # Set it to the value "none" to avoid applying a maximum duration (if there 420 # is no Window deadline), like so: 421 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.batch.default.max.duration=none 422 # Optional, defaults to 1h. 423 com.openexchange.omf.worker.batch.default.max.duration=1h 424 425 # Whether to unlock successfully migrated contexts on the source. 426 # Optional, defaults to false 427 com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.unlock.successful.source=false 428 429 # Maximum amount of times we attempt to unlock the source contexts after 430 # a failed delta-sync Batch migration. 431 # Optional, defaults to 3 432 com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.max.unlock.attempts=3 433 434 # Minimum amount of contexts that must survive a step in a batch 435 # disabled if set to 0 436 # Default: 1 437 com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.keep.going.min=1 438 # Percentage of contexts that must succeed a step in a batch 439 440 # disabled if set to 0 441 # Must be between 0 and 100 442 # Default: 50 443 com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.keep.going.percentage=50 444 445 # Used to determine how the context identifier should be found. 446 # Options: 447 # 1. <empty>: context identifier not used 448 # 2. contextName: uses the context name without the brand prefix 449 # This property can be overridden by the Source config with key contextIdentifier 450 com.openexchange.omf.worker.logic.context.identifier.mode= 451 452 ###



453 ### Mail Migration Properties 454 ### 455 # These contain several "source" based properties which # are used by OMF to determine how to migrate a user based on # the settings for the "source" that they belong to. 456 457 458 # The "source" is referred to as both the OMF "source" and the mail 459 # "source" which may be different. Some OMF source based properties 460 # are dependent on the DMF "brand". For instance, the mail source host 461 # default property value must be a source host that is configured in 462 # DMF for the "brand" that the source matches. 463 # The interval in ms that OMF will poll the DMF 464 465 # API to check the user migration status during 466 # presync 467 # 468 # This configuration property is optional. 469 470 # Default: 30000 471 # 472 # Example: 473 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.presync.poll.interval.ms=30000 474 com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.presync.poll.interval.ms= 475 476 # The interval in ms that OMF will poll the DMF 477 # API to check the user migration status during 478 # cutover 479 # 480 # This configuration property is optional. 481 # 482 # Default: 2000 483 # 484 # Example: 485 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.cutover.poll.interval.ms=2000 486 com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.cutover.poll.interval.ms= 487 488 # The amount of time in minutes to wait on a DMF job before marking the 489 # user as aborted because of too long of mail sync during presync. 490 # This does not abort the mail sync but provides a way to unblock a worker. 491 # 492 # This configuration property is optional. 493 494 # Default: 180 495 # 496 # Example: 497 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.presync.abort.after.min=30 498 com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.presync.abort.after.min= 499 500 # The amount of time in minutes to wait on a DMF job before marking the 501 # user as aborted because of too long of mail sync during cutover. 502 # This does not abort the mail sync but provides a way to unblock a worker. 503 # 504 # This configuration property is optional. 505 # 506 # Default: 20 507 # 508 # Example: 509 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.cutover.abort.after.min=20 510 com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.cutover.abort.after.min= 511 512 # The max amount of users that can be included in a request to DMF 513 # for getting/updating users. 514 # 515 # This configuration property is optional. 516 # 517 # Default: 50 518 # 519 # Example: 520 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.max.users.in.payload=50 521 com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.max.users.in.payload= 522 523 # Set the default source mail host per OMF source 524 #



```
525
     # Use property names that start with
526
     # "com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.host."
527
     # followed by the OMF source name.
528
529
    # A source mail host is not required for any OMF source,
530
     # however, if there is not a default and a host
531
     # is not provided with the Appsuite source metadata then the
532
     # migration will fail
533
534
     # Example:
535
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.host.source1=imap.host.name
536
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.host.source2=imap.host.name
537
538
     # Set the default source mail host port per OMF source
539
     #
540
     # Use property names that start with
541
     # "com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.port."
542
     # followed by the OMF source name.
543
     #
544
     \ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}\xspace A source mail host port is not required for any OMF source,
545
     # and is only used to forward to DMF. It is possible that DMF
546
     # is configured to not make use of the source host port option
547
     \ensuremath{\texttt{\#}} which would make this property useless for that OMF source.
548
     #
549
     # Example:
550
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.port.source1=143
551
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.port.source2=993
552
553
     # Set the default source mail password per OMF source
554
555
     # Use property names that start with
556
     # "com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.password."
557
     # followed by the OMF source name.
558
     #
559
     # A source mail password is not required for any OMF source,
560
     # and is only used to forward to DMF. It is possible that DMF
561
     # is configured to not make use of the source password option
562
     # which would make this property useless for that OMF source.
563
     #
564
     # Example:
565
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.password.source1=secret
566
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.source.password.source2=secret2
567
568
     # Set the default imapc ssl option per OMF source
569
     #
570
     # Use property names that start with
571
     # "com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.imapc.ssl."
572
     # followed by the OMF source name.
573
     #
574
     # There are 3 options:
575
     # 1. "no"
576
     # 2. "imaps"
     # 3. "starttls"
577
578
     #
579
     # An imapc ssl option is not required for any OMF source,
580
     \ensuremath{\texttt{\#}} and is only used to forward to DMF. It is possible that DMF
581
     # is configured to not make use of the imapc ssl option
582
     # which would make this property useless for that OMF source.
583
     #
584
     # Example:
585
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.imapc.ssl.source1=no
586
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.imapc.ssl.source2=imaps
587
588
     ###
589
     ### DMF Client Properties
590
     ###
591
592
     # OMF talks to DMF via an apikey that is linked to a DMF "brand".
     # An OMF "source" is one-one with a DMF "brand". This means that
593
594
     # the apikey set for an OMF source should match up with the desired
595
     # DMF brand.
596
```



597 # The DMF HTTP API URL. This is the URL without the API version. # So if the versioned API URL is: https://dmf.host/dmf/v1 598 599 # then the URL to provide is "https://dmf.host/dmf" 600 # 601 # This configuration property is required. 602 603 com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.dmf.url= 604 605 # Set the API key per source 606 # 607 # Use property names that start with 608 # "com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.dmf.apikey." 609 # followed by the source name. 610 611 # An API key is required for any source that will be 612 # serviced by this OMF instance. 613 614 # Example: 615 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.dmf.apikey.source1=XYZ 616 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.mail.dmf.apikey.source2=ABC 617 # 618 619 # When the target brand is configured as being dynamic ('*'), then the 620 # target brand must be provided by the source metadata. 621 # The following configuration properties can be used to map the brand 622 # names in the source metadata to different values before being used as 623 # the target brand name for preprovisioning. 624 # 625 # Syntax: 626 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.brand.map.<from>=<to> 627 628 # Example: 629 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.brand.map.brand1=reseller 630 # 631 # These properties are optional and the default behavior is to use the 632 # brand name in the source metadata as-is. 633 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.brand.map.<from>=<to> 634 635 # A default target brand to use when the target brand is configured as being 636 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$ dynamic ('*') and no target brand is specified in the source metadata. 637 638 # The property is optional and when not defined or blank, the brand must 639 # be part of the source metadata or the preprovisioning will fail. 640 641 com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.brand.default= 642 643 # Whether to parellelize the various premigration related operations: 644 # - creation of context 645 # - verification of contexts on the target 646 # 647 # There are multiple options: 648 # 649 # 1. off: the file related operations are not parellelized and, instead, 650 executed sequentially (one context at a time); # 651 # example: 652 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.parallel.threads=off 653 # 654 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$ 2. auto: the operations are parallelized, with as many threads in parallel 655 # as there are CPU cores; 656 # example: 657 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.threads=auto 658 # 659 # 3. a number: the operations are parallelized, with as many thrads in 660 # parallel as specified with that number 661 # example: 662 # com.openexchange.omf.worker.premigration.threads=4 663 # 664 # Optional. Default: auto 665 666 667 # Enable the OMF Mail Filter Migration Contributor. 668 # This should not be enabled if mail filters will not be migrated



```
669
    # by OMF (ex: migration by doveadm)
670
    #
671
    # Default: false
672
    #
673
     # This property can be overridden by the Source config with key mailfilterEnabled
674
     com.openexchange.omf.worker.mailfilter.enabled=false
675
676
     # When using the OMF Mail Filter Migration Contributor, set this to true
677
     # if you want OMF to always overwrite the mail filters on Target for
678
     # a user, even when they have no filters.
679
     #
680
     # Default: true
681
     #
682
     # This property can be overridden by the Source config with key mailfilterWriteEmpty
683
     com.openexchange.omf.worker.mailfilter.writeEmpty=true
684
685
     # Migrate Guard master keys and update mKeyIndex on target accordingly
686
    #
687
     # Default: false
688
    #
689
     # This property can be overridden by the Source config.
690
     com.openexchange.omf.worker.guard.enabled=false
691
692
    # Set the black/white list size limit
693
     # This is the limit for each list
694
     # This can be overridden with the Source config key blackWhiteLimit.
695
     com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.blackwhite.limit=250
696
697
    # Skip adding black/white list entries that go beyond the configured limit.
698
    # The skipped entries will be added as a MigrationEvent.
699
    # If set to false, then the migration will fail if the limit is hit.
700
     # This can be overridden with the Source config key blackWhiteLimitSkip.
701
     com.openexchange.omf.worker.cloudplugins.blackwhite.limit.skip=true
702
703
    # Configure the Migration Status Contributor identifier
704
    #
705
    # Options:
706
     #
         * <empty>: Migration Status Contributor not used
707
         * http: Uses the default HTTP Migration Status Contributor
    #
708
    #
709
     # Default: <empty>
710
    #
711
    # This property can be overridden with the Source config with key statusContributor.
712
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.migration.status.contributor=
713
714
     # Configure the HTTP Migration Status Contributor URL. This is only used if
715
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.migration.status.contributor=http (or equivalent Source
         config)
716
     #
717
    # Default: <empty>
718
    #
719
     # This property can be overridden with the Source config with key statusURL.
720
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.migration.status.url=
721
722
     # Configure the HTTP Migration Status Contributor HTTP API Key Header. This is only used
         if
723
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.migration.status.contributor=http (or equivalent Source
         config)
724
     #
725
    # Default: X-API-KEY
726
    #
727
     # This property can be overridden with the Source config with key apiKeyHeader.
728
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.migration.status.apikey.header=
729
730
     # Configure the HTTP Migration Status Contributor HTTP API Key Token. This is only used if
731
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.migration.status.contributor=http (or equivalent Source
         config)
732
     #
733
    # Default: <empty>
734
     #
735
    # This property can be overridden with the Source config with key apiKeyToken.
736
     # com.openexchange.omf.worker.migration.status.apikey.token=
```



```
File 5 /opt/open-xchange/etc/omf-feature-mapping.yml
```

```
1
    # Permission and Configuration Cascade migration rules.
    #
 23456789
    # defaultMappings are mandatory but may be empty.
    # Optionally, per-target mappings or per-targetBrandName can be defined.
    # Those inherit from the default mappings.
    version: 2
    defaultMappings:
      # default rules apply to all targets and brands
10
      permissionMappings:
11
        # applied to each user:
12
        # * permissionname: action
13
        #
              action := on/off
14
15
        #
              off := turn it off whether it was set or not
              on := turn it on whether it was set or not
        #
16
        # * if not specified, keep as is.
17
        #
18
        # * all valid permission names:
19
        #
           webmail: on/off
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
        #
            calendar: on/off
            contacts: on/off
        #
        #
           tasks: on/off
        #
           infostore: on/off
            projects: on/off
        #
        #
           forum: on/off
        #
           pinboard_write_access: on/off
        #
            webdav_xml: on/off
            webdav: on/off
        #
29
30
        #
            ical: on/off
            vcard: on/off
        #
31
           rss_bookmarks: on/off
        #
32
33
34
35
           rss_portal: on/off
        #
        #
            mobility: on/off
            edit_public_folders: on/off
        #
        #
            read_create_shared_folders: on/off
36
        #
            delegate_tasks: on/off
37
        #
            edit_group: on/off
38
        #
            edit_resource: on/off
39
40
        #
            edit_password: on/off
        #
            collect_email_addresses: on/off
41
            multiple_mail_accounts: on/off
        #
42
        #
            subscription: on/off
43
        #
            publication: on/off
44
            active_sync: on/off
        #
45
        #
           usm: on/off
46
        #
            olox20: on/off
47
            denied_portal: on/off
        #
48
        #
            caldav: on/off
49
        #
            carddav: on/off
50
51
      configCascadeMappings:
        # applied to each context and user:
52
53
54
55
56
57
        # * redList and greenList are mutually exclusive; use one or the other, but not both
        # redList:
           # drop the capabilties that are mentioned below:
        #
            - config/com.openexchange.subscribe.crawler.yahoocom
            - config/com.openexchange.subscribe.socialplugin.yahoo
        #
            - config/com.openexchange.subscribe.socialplugin.msn
        #
58
59
        # key/values that should be added if not present can be specified using the keywords
                          := key/values that must be added to contexts and users
        # - addAllList
60
        # - addUserList
                            :=
                                           only added to users
61
        # - addCOntextList :=
                                           only added to contexts
62
        # NOTE:
63
64
65
        # * values already present will be overridden with the values provided here
        # * adding the same key/value to users and contexts usually makes no sense,
        #
             since it is redundant information
66
        # addAllList:
67
        #
           taxonomy/all: blue
            taxonomy/numbers: 12345512342423423423
taxonomy/string: "Text"
68
        #
69
        #
70
        # addUserList:
```



71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 config/com.openexchange.unifiedquota.enabled: true # # config/com.openexchange.myfeature.enabled: false # addContextList: # config/com.openexchange.subscribe.socialplugin.tiktak: false # config/com.openexchange.subscribe.socialplugin.knocknock: false # Some more mappings. # Those inherit the mappings from the defaultMappings. 79 # NOTE: however, since red- and greenLists are mutually exclusive and thus cannot be used 80 at the same time, for inheritance that means that greenList items replace all # redList 81 # items from the parent mappings and vice-versa 82 # 83 # anotherMappings: 84 appliesToTargetName: # 85 # - target1 86 - target2 # 87 # permissionMappings: 88 # calendar: on 89 # configCascadeMappings: 90 # the greenList defined here overrides and suppresses the redList # 91 # # that is defined in defaultMappings 92 # greenList: 93 # # only migrate settings listed below 94 95 # - config/com.openexchange.cloudplugins.unifiedquota # - config/com.openexchange.capability.drive 96 # # add one additional key/value to contexts 97 # addContextList: 98 # custom/fancy//option: "1337" 99 # 100 # # targetBrandName rules inherit from default mappings as well 101 # evenMoreMappings: 102 # appliesToTargetBrandName: 103 - targetBrand1 # - targetBrand2 104 # 105 # permissionMappings: 106 edit_resource: on # 107 # configCascadeMappings: 108 # # the greenList defined here overrides and suppresses the redList 109 # that is defined in defaultMappings # 110 greenList: # 111 # # only migrate settings listed below 112 # - config/com.openexchange.cloudplugins.foo 113 # 114 # # some more targetBrandName rules 115 # yetAnotherMappings: appliesToTargetBrandName: 116 # targetBrand3
targetBrand4 117 # 118 # 119 # permissionMappings: 120 # edit_group: off 121 # configCascadeMappings: # Augments the redList defined in defaultMappings with additional 122 # 123 # # redlisted capabilities: 124 # redList: 125 - config/com.openexchange.subscribe.socialplugin.google # 126 127 # # target- and brandname rules can be combined as well 128 # targetAndBrandCombined: 129 appliesToTargetBrandName: 130 targetBrand10
targetBrand20 # 131 # 132 # appliesToTargetName: 133 # - target10 - target20 134 # 135 permissionMappings: # 136 # multiple_mail_accounts: on 137 # configCascadeMappings: 138 # # Augments the redList defined in defaultMappings with additional # redlisted capabilities: 139 # 140 # redList: 141 # - config/com.openexchange.subscribe.socialplugin.google



```
142
     #
143
     # noPermission:
144
         appliesToTargetBrandName:
     #
           - targetBrand10
- targetBrand20
145
     #
146
     #
147
     #
         appliesToTargetName:
148
     #
            - target10
149
     #
           - target20
150
     #
          configCascadeMappings:
151
     #
            # Augments the redList defined in defaultMappings with additional
152
     #
            # redlisted capabilities:
153
     #
            redList:
154
              - config/com.openexchange.subscribe.socialplugin.google
     #
155
     #
156
     # noConfig:
157
     #
         appliesToTargetBrandName:

targetBrand10
targetBrand20

158
     #
159
     #
160
     #
          appliesToTargetName:
161
     #
            - target10
           - target20
162
     #
163
         permissionMappings:
     #
164
           multiple_mail_accounts: on
     #
```

File 6 /opt/open-xchange/etc/sql-client.d/omf-client-pools.yaml

```
# The top-level key is the identifier of the pool, which can be
 1
 2
   # any string of text and is being used by the bundles and applications
3
4
5
6
7
   # to access that pool configuration.
    # Typically, those are fixed or need to be configured in the bundles
    # that use this library.
   # When Java Security Manager support is enabled, files that are referenced
8
    # in these configuration files must be in a directory that is already
9
    # whitelisted, or in a subdirectory thereof, such as
10
    # /opt/open-xchange/etc/
11
12
    # A good candidate would be something along the lines of
13
    # /opt/open-xchange/etc/sql-files/
14
15
   # Otherwise, the filename or its directory must be put into a new .list
16
    # file in the folder
17
    # /opt/open-xchange/etc/security/
18
    # with e.g. the following content:
19
20
   # file:/etc/trust.jks
21
22
    # For a complete list of property values, read https://github.com/brettwooldridge/HikariCP
23
    omf-migration:
24
      # This property directs HikariCP to use "DriverManager-based" configuration.
25
      # We feel that DataSource-based configuration (above) is superior for a variety of
          reasons (see below), but for many deployments there is little significant difference
26
      # When using this property with "old" drivers, you may also need to set the
          driverClassName property, but try it first without.
27
      # Note that if this property is used, you may still use DataSource properties to
          configure your driver and is in fact recommended over driver parameters specified in
           the URL itself.
      # Default: none
28
29
      jdbcUrl: ${com.openexchange.omf.worker.sql.migration.url}
30
      # This property sets the default authentication username used when obtaining Connections
           from the underlying driver.
31
      # Note that for DataSources this works in a very deterministic fashion by calling
          DataSource.getConnection(*username*, password) on the underlying DataSource.
32
      # However, for Driver-based configurations, every driver is different.
33
      # In the case of Driver-based, HikariCP will use this username property to set a user
          property in the Properties passed to the driver's DriverManager.getConnection(
          jdbcUrl, props) call.
```



34	<pre># If this is not what you need, skip this method entirely and call addDataSourceProperty</pre>
35	# Default - none
26	" Deruit. none
30 27	username: \$com.openexchange.om.worker.sql.migration.user;
27	# sets the password of the connection
30	password: %{com.openexchange.omi.worker.sql.migration.password}
39	# This property controls the minimum number of idle connections that HikariCP tries to maintain in the pool.
40	# If the idle connections dip below this value and total connections in the pool are less than maximumPoolSize, HikariCP will make a best effort to add additional connections quickly and efficiently.
41	# However, for maximum performance and responsiveness to spike demands, we recommend not setting this value and instead allowing HikariCP to act as a fixed size connection pool.
42	# Default: same as maximumPoolSize
43	minimumIdle: 0
44	# This property controls the maximum size that the pool is allowed to reach, including both idle and in-use connections.
45	# Basically this value will determine the maximum number of actual connections to the
	database backend. A reasonable value for this is best determined by your execution environment.
46	# When the pool reaches this size, and no idle connections are available, calls to getConnection() will block for up to connectionTimeout milliseconds before timing out
17	
47	* Default: 10
40	maximumPollSize: 10
49	# This property controls the maximum number of milliseconds that a client
50	# (that's you) will wait for a connection from the pool. If this time is exceeded
51	# without a connection becoming available, a SQLException will be thrown. Lowest
52	# acceptable connection timeout is 250 ms. Default: 30000 (30 seconds)
53	connectionTimeout: 15000
54	# the dataSourceProperties configures the driver configured above using the jdbcUrl
55	# (some) networking related parameters don't seem to work using mysql (what we are using), see
56	<pre># https://github.com/brettwooldridge/HikariCP#popular-datasource-class-names</pre>
57	dataSourceProperties:
58	useUnicode: true
59	characterEncoding: UTF-8
60	useTimezone: true
61	serverTimezone: UTC
62	useSSL false
63	requireSSI - false
64	vojulovov. lutov vojugarvozna tijegto, jeleo
65	anabladTi Qaratacale. Ti Sul 1 Ti Sul 1 Ti Sul 2
00	enabledilof10000015. ILDV1,ILDV1.1,ILDV1.2