

Dovecot Migration Framework Worker Technical Documentation for1.2.0-rev7

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1 General Information

1.1 Warnings



Warning

Custom configuration or template files are potentially not updated automatically. After the update, please always check for files with a .dpkg-new or .rpmnew suffix and merge the changes manually. Configuration file changes are listed in their own respective section below but don't include changes to template files. For details about all the configuration files and templates shipped as part of this delivery, please read the relevant section of each package.

1.2 Delivery Comment

This delivery was requested with following comment:

DMF Worker 1.2.0 Maintenance Delivery for temurin-8-jre

1.3 Install Package Repository

This delivery is part of a restricted software repository:

```
https://software.open-xchange.com/components/dmf-worker/stable/1.2.0/RHEL7
https://software.open-xchange.com/components/dmf-worker/stable/1.2.0/DebianBullseye
https://software.open-xchange.com/components/dmf-worker/stable/1.2.0/DebianBuster
```

1.4 Build Dependencies

This delivery was build and tested with following dependencies:

```
RedHat:rhel-7, Debian:Buster, Debian:Bullseye
```

Worker Install 2

The DMF Worker is a stateful service which processes the migration jobs that are added to the Migration Database queue by the DMF Scheduler. How it processes those jobs is configurable. This guide will discuss the instation of the Worker as well as all configuration options.

2.1 Install the Package

The Worker can be installed with package open-xchange-dmf-worker. You will find that the package requires JRE8.

Example:

```
apt-get install open-xchange-dmf-worker
```

This package registers a systemd service script called dmf-worker.

You will find all related application files under /opt/open-xchange/dmf/worker.

Where you install the Worker(s) is completely based upon how you plan to use it. While DMF stands for Dovecot Migration Framework, in reality, it is more like a Mail Migration Framework because nothing restricts you from using it for just Dovecot migrations. In fact, bare bones, it is just a job processing framework that allows you to plug in any Job Worker to process your job. However, this guide will assume that you are using DMF for a Dovecot target migration. If you want to know more about using it outside of Dovecot, see the DMF Beyond Dovecot documentation.



For this purpose, you will install one DMF Worker on every Dovecot backend that you plan to migrate users into. DMF must have execute permission on the Dovecot doveadm shell utility.

2.2 Configure the Application

Once installed, you can find the configuration file at: /opt/open-xchange/dmf/worker/etc/dmf-worker.yml All properties can also be set as environment variables.

For instance, http.admin.username would be HTTP_ADMIN_USERNAME, while it would be configured as follows in dmf-worker.yml:

```
1 http:
2 admin:
3 username: admin
```

Environment variables have precedence over configuration file settings.

2.2.1 Configure HTTPS

The Worker does not expose a custom API, however, it exposes all built in Micronaut Endpoints as well as a metrics endpoint for prometheus at https://worker:8443/prometheus.

Review the Micronaut HTTPS documentation and examples to configure TLS.

Use keys under micronaut.ssl to configure the server. The default configuration expects a private key and the corresponding certificate in /opt/open-xchange/dmf/certs/keystore.p12

This file can be easily generated by running the following:

```
1 /opt/open-xchange/sbin/dmf-worker-gen-certs -d /opt/open-xchange/dmf/certs
```

The script dmf-worker-gen-certs is installed as part of the open-xchange-dmf-worker package. In addition to keystore.p12 for the Worker, the script also generates worker.p12 in the same directory. This file contains the self-signed certificate, and can be used by clients to verify the identity of the Worker.

As a side-effect, the script also generates worker.pem, which is the same self-signed certificate in a more popular format. It can be used by browsers and other clients, but is not necessary for DMF operation.

If the Worker operates behind a web server or any other proxy which performs the actual TLS termination, and also uses a self-signed certificate, then its certificate can be converted to the right format manually, using Java's keytool. See the last step in the dmf-worker-gen-certs script for an example.

An example configuration:

```
micronaut:
ssl:
enabled: true
key-store:
path: file:/opt/open-xchange/dmf/certs/keystore.p12
type: PKCS12
password: verysecretpassword
port: 8443
```

2.2.2 Configure Authentication

Basic authentication is used to authenticate HTTP clients. This can be configured like so:

```
1 http:
```



```
2 admin:
3 username: admin
4 password: verysecretpassword
```

2.2.2.1 Endpoints All built-in Micronaut Endpoints, or custom endpoints, are restricted by default, but any can be configured to be accessed anonymously:

```
1 endpoints:
2 info:
3 sensitive: false
```

2.2.2.2 Security Restricting access to HTTP resources is enabled using the property:

• micronaut.security.enabled

You can also restrict clients by IP by using the micronaut.security.ip-patterns property.

2.2.3 Configure Data Source

The Worker must talk to the Migration Database and this is the only data source you need to configure. Aside from basic connection properties, the data source is highly configurable using any of the JDBC Hikari properties.



The configured database user must have read and update permissions on the migration database tables.

Example configuration:

```
1 datasources:
2   default:
3    url: jdbc:mysql://dmf-db:3306/migration
4    username: worker
5   password: verysecretpassword
6   dialect: MYSQL
7   driverClassName: org.mariadb.jdbc.Driver
```

2.2.4 Configure Executor Pools

The DMF Worker makes use of Java executor pools to run migration jobs in parallel. You can find all configuration properties for these pools at Micronaut Thread Pools.

In the Worker configuration, there are two pools that you should consider configuring. The default and recommended executor type is cached, because threads are already limited by the max worker jobs setting.

```
1 micronaut:
2   executors:
3   worker-executor:
4    name: worker-executor
5   type: cached
6   command-executor:
7   name: command-executor
```



```
8 type: cached
```

2.2.5 Configure HTTP Services

Currently, the only potential http service is for doveadm which you find under micronaut.http.services.doveadm. If you are using this, to make calls to the doveadm http api, which is not typically the case, then you can set things like ssl settings, timeouts, etc.

```
micronaut:
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
      http:
        services:
          ####
          # Configure the HTTP connection properties for the doveadm HTTP APIs.
          # This configuration is shared for all defined doveadm HTTP configurations.
          # This is where SSL can be enabled and configured.
          ####
          doveadm:
            ssl: {}
11
                  enabled: true
12
                  trust-store:
13
      #
                   path: file:/opt/open-xchange/dmf/certs/doveadm.p12
                    password:
      #
                    type: PKCS12
```

2.2.6 Configure Identity

Each Worker has an identity so that you can identitfy them when managing their settings, but also so that you can trace where a migration job was processed. There are two parts to a Worker identity: target and memberid.

The Worker target should represent the Target platform. For instance, if you have a platform called "cloud", you might name the Target "cloud" and then set this as the target property of every Worker that will migrate users to this platform. It is important to use the same Target name for all Workers in the same platform to prevent multiple Workers from migrating to the same target mailbox at the same time. Therefore, ensuring a 1-1 relationship between user and target mailbox.

Warning

If your customer/client is still using the deprecated legacy API, then you must use a single Target called "default". This will require you to deploy a separate DMF platform for other Targets, so they should update to the new API ASAP.

The Worker's memberid must be unique within the Target. No Worker should ever have the same memberid as another Worker who has the same target identity.

🔔 Warnir

There is not a mechanism in place to stop a Worker from stealing the identity of another Worker so care should be taken.

```
1 dmf:
2 worker:
3 identity:
4 target: cloud
5 memberid: 1
```

Once the Worker has been started and registered with the Migration Database, you can manage it with the Scheduler Admin Backends REST API with the Target cloud and name cloud/1:

```
curl -X 'GET' \
   'https://localhost:7443/dmf/admin/api/v2/targets/cloud/backends/cloud%2F1' \
   -H 'accept: application/json' \
   -H 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46cGFzc3dvcmQ='
```



2.2.7 Configure Sources

The Worker has the ability to service any number of DMF Sources. Remember that a DMF Source is created using the Admin HTTP API and represents a Source platform. For this purpose, we will have two Sources: ["POD_1", "POD_2"]. Workers will get jobs for all Sources based on priority, then time of submission.

Configure the Worker to service both Sources:

```
1 dmf:
2 worker:
3 sources:
4 - "POD_1"
5 - "POD_2"
```

An important note is that the Sources can now be configured via the DMF REST API and so this setting will only be used the first time the Worker is started.

2.2.8 Configure State

By default, the Worker is configured to start polling for migration jobs when it is started. If you want to disable so that you can start the Worker, but not start polling for jobs until a later time, then you can change the initial state to STOPPED.

```
1 dmf:
2 worker:
3 state:
4 initial: STOPPED
```

🛈 Info

Once the Worker has been started and registered with the Migration Database, this can be changed by using the Scheduler Admin REST API. At this point, the database value will override the application configuration.

```
curl -X 'PATCH' \
    'https://worker:8443/dmf/admin/api/v2/targets/cloud/backends' \
    -H 'accept: application/json' \
    -H 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46cGFzc3dvcmQ=' \
    -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
    -d '{
    "name": "cloud/1",
    "initialState": 1
}'
```

Now that we set it to 1 (STARTED), if the Worker is ever restarted, it will start polling for jobs.

2.2.9 Configure Crypto

This section is only relevant if user passwords will be used instead of master password. Otherwise, the crypto section of the configuration can be omitted.

DMF uses a symmetric AES-256 key stored on disk and initialization vector stored in the database to wrap the user passwords that are then stored in the database.

The wrapping is done by the DMF Scheduler, however, the Worker will need to unwrap it when it is time to use the password for migration.

To support the ability to use new or different keys among Schedulers, the Worker can be configured to use any number of storage keys that can be identified based on the name that the Scheduler gave them. When the Scheduler encrypts the user's password, it also stores the name of the key in the database. That key name is used by the Worker to look up the correct key on disk.

Reference to keys can be configured under the dmf.worker.crypto.storageKeys property:



```
1  dmf:
2    worker:
3    crypto:
4    storageKeys:
5    key1:
6    file: keystore:/opt/open-xchange/dmf/certs/keystore.p12
7    secret: password
8    key2:
9    file: keystore:/opt/open-xchange/dmf/certs/keystore.p12
0    secret: password
```

The key name, in this example "key1" and "key2" are the key names, is what DMF will use when finding the correct key to use.

The "file" can either be a plain file with the key as encoded bytes or a Java KeyStore file. If using a keystore, then the prefix "keystore:" must be used like in the example.

An example of creating a keystore with a key called key1:

```
keytool -genseckey -alias 'key1' -keyalg 'AES' -keysize '256' -storetype 'pkcs12' -
storepass 'password' -keystore keystore.p12
```

2.2.10 Configure Job Settings

2.2.10.1 Job Cache The Worker collects prospective migration jobs in a local cache in order to reduce the number of sorting queries performed since the database does not actually provide a priority queue. If you find that the Worker has seemingly unnecessary high memory usage, then it may be beneficial to reduce the size of the cache, or in the case of high database load reduce the refresh rate.

```
1 dmf:
2 worker:
3 jobs:
4 cache:
5 size: 400
6 referesh: 1m
```

2.2.10.2 Max Jobs This is the max number of migration jobs that the Worker will process in parallel. Keep in mind that this value should be less than or equal to the number-of-thread configured for the worker-executor executor pool. If it is not, then jobs will be queued within the executor and not executed until a thread is freed, thus potentially blocking another Worker from processing

```
it.

1 dmf:
2 worker:
3 jobs:
4 max: 400
```

The max number of jobs you want to execute depends on the sizing of the server that the Worker is running, the Worker features you have enabled, and the migration command you are using. If unknown, it is recommened to start low and scale up. It is easy to increase the max jobs, however, difficult to stop jobs or handle an overloaded server.



Once the Worker has been started and registered with the Migration Database, this can be changed by using the Scheduler Admin REST API. At this point, the database value will override the application configuration.

```
curl -X 'PATCH' \
```



```
'https://worker:8443/dmf/admin/api/v2/targets/cloud/backends'\
-H 'accept: application/json' \
-H 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46cGFzc3dvcmQ=' \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
    "name": "cloud/1",
    "maxThreads": 120
}'
```

2.2.11 Configure Command Logging

There are three ways to configure command execution output. This is the output whenever a native command is executed, for instance, like the migration command.

- 1. file: Redirects all output to a file. You can specify the location and file naming as well as if the file should be removed upon successful execution of the command.
- 2. logger: Redirects all output to the Worker application logger
- 3. off: silences all output

```
dmf:
23456789
     worker:
        command:
         logging:
            type: file
            file:
              # The log file name format. You can use the following specifiers:
                  * source: the source name
                 * user: the target uid
              #
                 * phase: the migration phase (pre-sync, cutover)
                  * job: the job id
12
                 * date: the YYYY-MM-DD date
13
              format: "%(source)-%(user)-user-migration.log"
              location: /var/log/dmf
              delete-on-success: false
```

2.2.12 Configure Doveadm

This section only discusses how to setup the doveadm configuration, but you should review the DMF Doveadm Features documentation for more information on what each property is responsible for and how you should use it.

Within DMF, we have a concept of a Worker type. For this purpose, we will use the type doveadm which uses the doveadm command line tool supplied by Dovecot to process migration jobs. The documentation DMF Beyond Dovecot provides information about the other Worker types.

As already seen when configuring the Sources, the Worker supports migrating from multiple Sources to a Target. So, the doveadm Worker allows you to configure it per Source.

The configuration looks like:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 path: "/usr/bin/doveadm"
4 source:
5 ...
```

You can apply a special key called default and then all doveadm specific properties under that. In which case, the Worker will use this configuration if there is not an override.

To override the default, use the source name as the key:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
```



Now, when the Worker gets a migration job for POD_1, it will use the POD_1 doveadm configuration, but if it gets a job for POD_2, then it will use the default doveadm configuration.

2.3 Manage the Application

The application can be started/stopped/restarted using the systemd script dmf-worker.

Start example:

```
1 systemctl start dmf-worker
```

Stop example:

```
systemctl stop dmf-worker
```

Warning

The DMF Worker is very stateful in a number of ways. It is extremly important to only stop the application while it is processing migraiton jobs in critical situations.

The proper way to stop a DMF worker is:

2.3.1 1. Pause the Worker

By using the DMF Scheduler Admin REST API.

```
1 curl -X 'PATCH' \
2    'https://scheduler:8443/dmf/admin/api/v2/targets/default/backends' \
3    -H 'accept: application/json' \
4    -H 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46cGFzc3dvcmQ=' \
5    -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
6    -d '{
7    "name": "default/worker1",
8    "command": "PAUSE"
9 }'
```

2.3.2 2. Check and Confirm on no Running Jobs

Once you have confirmed that the Worker has no running jobs, you can stop it. This can be confirmed by using the Scheduler API to get the current status of the Worker. If the Worker is paused and has 0 threads, then it is not running any migration jobs.

```
1 curl -X 'GET' \
2    'https://localhost:7443/dmf/admin/api/v2/targets/default/backends/default%2Fwoker1' \
3    -H 'accept: application/json' \
-H 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46cGFzc3dvcmQ='

1    {
        "name": "default/worker1",
        "target": "default",
        "initialState": 1,
        "maxThreads": 200,
        "status": 0, <-- 0 is paused</pre>
```



```
7 "threads": 0, <-- 0 threads means 0 jobs running
8 "command": null,
9 "updated": "2021-04-12T21:34:56.00Z"
10 }
```

2.3.3 3. Stop the worker either using the Admin API or service.

```
1 curl -X 'PATCH' \
2    'https://scheduler:8443/dmf/admin/api/v2/targets/default/backends' \
3    -H 'accept: application/json' \
4    -H 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46cGFzc3dvcmQ=' \
5    -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
6    -d '{
7     "name": "default/worker1",
8     "command": "STOP"
9 }'
```

The Worker will stop polling for jobs and the application will close.

3 Doveadm Features

By default, the DMF Worker will use the Doveadm Worker type to process migration jobs. This section lists all features, what they do, and how to configure them.

The below configuration examples assume that the key is under dmf.doveadm.source.<sourceName>. For instance, if the required configuration is to set my-property to true, then the following are equiv-

```
alent:

1 ...:
2 my-property: true
3 ---
4 dmf:
5 doveadm:
6 source:
7 mySource:
8 my-property: true
```

1nfo

A migration job will be successful unless something is misconfigured, a fatal unknown exception occurs, or the migration command fails after the max retries.

3.1 Analyze Log

The Worker will create a doveadm log analyzer which can be used for finding errors (some which could be automatically resolved) and mailbox statistics.

By setting to false, the following functionality will be lost:

- · Find and resolve duplicate UIDs
- · Find and resolve failed save due to timeout
- · Collect errors for the job response
- Collect sync mail statistics

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 analyze-log: true
```



3.2 Move Duplicates

This feature requires analyze-log.

While rare, it is possible that the source mailbox contains multiple messages with the same UID causing a duplicate UID situation. This is detected by finding log messages containing "Expunged message reappeared in session". Any UIDs with this issue will be extracted and an attempt to fix them will be made. This error causes the migration command to fail. If there is a retry configured, the duplicate fix will be performed prior to the command retry.

Step:

- 1. The Worker will connect to the source host through an imap connection
- 2. Create a new mailbox named lost+found-<originalFolder> under the folder that the UID is within.
- 3. Copy the message from the original folder to the lost and found folder
- 4. Expunge the original mail

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 move-duplicates: true
```

If a duplicate message is found at any point during the migration (even if it is resolved), it will be included in the Migration details field in the dsync operation metadata as invalid.

Example:

3.3 IMAPC Inbox

Currently, this feature executes shell commands cp and chown on a users home mail path as well as delete folders that it creates through the Java API. Unfortunately, this requires DMF to be executed with a user with this permission level.

A hack to speed up delta syncs with pop3 uidl. It copies the local user's INBOX mailbox to:

<userHome>/imapc/.INBOX/.INBOX

This is done after the pre migration command but before the migration command.

Steps:

- 1. Get the user's home path with: doveadm user -f home <userUid>
- 2. Get the user's INBOX path with: doveadm mailbox path -u <userUid> INBOX
- 3. Copy the INBOX to homePath/.INBOX.INBOX: /usr/bin/cp -a homePath/.INBOX.INBOX
- 4. Change the home path owner to vmail: /bin/chown -R vmail: vmail homePath

If configured to remove the created INBOX path, this is done after the migration command, regardless of outcome, but before the post/failure migration command.



```
1  dmf:
2  doveadm:
3  sources:
4  <sourcename>:
5  copy-imapc-inbox: true
6  remove-imapc-path: true
```

3.4 Metacache

Executes metacache flush and/or metacache clean for the target user.

Configuration:

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
    dmf:
      doveadm:
         sources:
           <sourcename>:
             ####
             # Metacache clean/flush settings. Replaces the legacy "flush-metacache" and "clean
                 -metacache" settings,
7
8
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
             # however, if the legacy settings are set as 'true' then they will be used
             metacache:
               ####
               # Executes metacache flush for the local user.
               # This is executed before the post migration scripts.
               ####
               flush:
                 on-success: false
                 on-failure: false
               ####
18
19
20
21
22
               # Executes metacache clean for the local user.
               # This is executed before the post migration scripts.
               ####
               clean:
                 on-success: false
                 on-failure: false
```

3.5 Kick User

This requires that the director property is enabled and the http configuration is complete.

Makes the "directorKick" call to the Director HTTP API for the user. This is the first thing that is done. It can be configured for sync and cutover.

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
    dmf:
       doveadm:
         sources:
           <sourcename>:
             director:
                enabled: true
                kick:
                  sync: true
                  cutover: true
             # Notice that this is not under the director key
             http:
               url: "https://doveadmhttpapi"
13
                {\tt username:\ admin}
                password: verysecretpassword
```



3.6 Use Director Sourcehost

This requires that the director property is enabled and the http configuration is complete.

During sync or cutover, the Worker will make a call to the Source Dovecot Director for the user to determine their backend. If there is not a backend defined for the user, it will randomly select one of the Director's defined backends and move the user there. To use the found sourcehost in the migration command, use <code>%{mdb:directorSourcehost}</code>. You can also define a sourcehost for each backend and that command will be used instead of the sourcehost defined in DMF for the user.

Steps:

- 1. Get backend for user
- 2. If no backend found, get a random backend from the director, move the user there
- 3. Get the sourcehost definition from the DMF database if it exists

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 director:
6 enabled: true
7 use-sourcehost: true
8 # Notice that this is not under the director key
9 http:
10 url: "https://doveadmhttpapi"
11 username: admin
12 password: verysecretpassword
```

3.7 Move User

This requires that the director property is enabled and the http configuration is complete.

This will make a move user request to the configured doveadm HTTP API for the target user.

Steps:

- 1. Get Workers IP address
- 2. Get the list of Dovecot backends from the HTTP API directorStatus command
- 3. Verify that the Worker's IP is one of the backends
- 4. Move the target user to this backend with the HTTP API directorMove command

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2   doveadm:
3   sources:
4   <sourcename>:
5    director:
6    enabled: true
7    move-user: true
8   http:
9    url: "https://doveadmhttpapi"
0    username: admin
1   password: verysecretpassword
```

3.8 Fetch Container

Gets the userdb_container value in the configured container file for the value of imapcoptions defined for the user. If imapcoptions is not set for the user, but this is enabled, then it wont be used. The found value can be injected into migration commands with %{mdb:container}.



```
1  dmf:
2  doveadm:
3  sources:
4  <sourcename>:
5  fetch-container: true
6  container-file: /etc/dovecot/passwd.container
```

3.9 Parallel Writes Retry

If retries are configured and a failure has occurred with error message containing failed: PUT .+ failed: Absolute request timeout expired, then the following setting override will be added to the migration command prior to the retry:

```
• -o plugin/obox_max_parallel_writes=1
```

3.10 Mail Count

Properties to configure counting of mailbox messages and size.

3.10.1 Pre Mail Sync

Collect local mailbox stats after the pre migration command but before the migration command.

The result is logged as: destination system statistics before sync. messages: {}, size: {} (bytes)

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 count:
6 pre: true
```

3.10.2 Mail Sync

This feature requires analyze-log.

Count the number of saved and expunged mails during the migration command. The results are stored with the job response as the sync saved and expunged message counts.

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 count:
6 sync: true
```

3.10.3 Post Mail Sync

Collect local mailbox stats after the successful migration command but before the post migration command. The results are stored with the job response as the target mailbox size and message count.



```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 count:
6 post: true
```

3.10.4 Post Mail Sync Remote

Collect the remote mailbox stats after the successful migration command but before the post migration command. The results are stored with the job response as the origin mailbox size and message count.

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 count:
6 remote: true
```

There are four ways to configure how the remote count will be executed:

3.10.4.1 IMAPC Protocol This feature requires the imapc configuration or all imap connection properties included with the migration job.

If the user's Sourcehost definition does **not** use a status command, and the remote-protocol is set as imapc, then a default remote count command will be used.

```
This command is:
```

```
doveadm -f tab -o imapc_ssl=<imaps/no> -o imapc_host=<sourcehost> -o imapc_user=<sourceUid
> -o imapc_password=<password> -o imapc_port=<port> -o mail=imapc: mailbox status -u <
sourceUid> "messages vsize" INBOX/* INBOX *
```

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 count:
6 remote-protocol: imapc
7 imapc:
8 host: host.with.imap
9 port: 143
10 prefix:
11 master-user: admin
12 master-password: verysecretpassword
```

3.10.4.2 Doveadm Protocol This feature requires the doveadm configuration.

If the user's Sourcehost definition does **not** use a status command, and the remote-protocol is set as doveadm, then a default remote count command will be used.

This command is: doveadm -f tab -o doveadm_password=<doveadm.password> mailbox status -u <sourceUid> -S <doveadm.host>:<doveadm.port> "messages vsize" INBOX/* INBOX *



```
1 dmf:
2   doveadm:
3   sources:
4   <sourcename>:
5    count:
6    remote-protocol: doveadm
7   doveadm:
8   host: host.with.doveadm
9   port: 24245
0   password: verysecretpassword
```

3.10.4.3 HTTP Protocol This protocol will use the doveadm HTTP API to count mailbox data.

Configuration:

```
dmf:
 123456789
      doveadm:
        sources:
          <sourcename>:
            count:
              remote-protocol: http
              remote-http:
                ####
                 # The default mailbox mask is ["INBOX", "INBOX/*", "*"]. If you want to
                     specify another mask then
                 # add each value in a comma delimited list (no spaces).
11
12
                 mailbox-mask:
                 ####
14
15
16
17
                 # See doveadm http api mailboxStatus command for why this would be used.
                 # Default is empty
                 ####
                 socket-path:
18
            http:
19
              url: "https://doveadmhttpapi"
20
               {\tt username: admin}
               password: verysecretpassword
```

- **3.10.4.4 Status Command** If the user's Sourcehost definition **does** include a status command, then that command will be used. The command must use the mailbox status doveadm subcommands as well as a tab formatter.
- **3.10.4.5 Configuration** To override all other options, you can specify the remote count command using configuration.

```
1
2
3
      doveadm:
         sources:
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
           <sourcename>:
             count:
               remote-command:
                 name: doveadm
                  options:
                     - name: -f
                      value: tab
                    - name: -o
                      value: "imapc_user=%{mdb:ruid}"
                    - name: -o
                      value: "imapc_password=%{conf:imapc_master_password}"
                    - name: -o
                      value: "imapc_host=%{mdb:sourcehost}"
                    - name: -o
```



3.11 Migration Retry

Properties to configure retrying the migration command after a failure.

3.11.1 Max Retries

Max number of retries for doveadm sync errors which are non fatal. To override any specific error code, use code-max.

Override for max on the error code level.

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 retry:
6 max: 1
7 code-max:
8 75: 5
```

3.11.2 Retry Sleep

The amount of time in ms to sleep before retrying the migration command. To override any specific error code use code-sleep.

Override for sleep on the error code level.

Configuration:

3.12 Commands

The Doveadm DMF Worker has the ability to execute various commands throughout the migration job. This includes the main migration command. The migration command must be a Doveadm-Sync command. If you are looking to do something else, then you likely do not want to use the Doveadm DMF Worker, and should look into the DMF Beyond Dovecot documentation. Any other command constraints will be listed in the following sections.



3.12.1 Property Injection

Commands can have properties injected into them. By default, you can do the following:

- MDB formatters are used like %{mdb:X}, where X can be: md5path, 2chrruid, container, uid, ruid, sourcehost, source, sourcepasswd, imapcoptions, email, sourceport, imapc_ssl, exclude, directorSourcehost
- Conf formatters are used like %{conf:Y}, where Y can be: imapc_host, imapc_master_password, imapc_master_user, imapc_prefix, imapc_port

You can also define custom properties that can be injected into commands. You will use the same %{conf:Y} formatter where Y will be defined under the property:

• dmf.doveadm.source.<sourceName>.command.inject

For example, if you define:

then you can have a command doveadm -o setting= $%{conf:test}$ and the command would resolve to doveadm -o setting=value

The order of injection is:

- 1. custom inject properties
- 2. imapc properties from config
- 3. user properties from job

All commands support property injection.

3.12.2 Pre Mail Sync

This can be any shell command and it is executed prior to the migration command. An applicable example would be to specify a shell script that takes the sourceUid and locks the source mail account.

```
dmf:
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
       doveadm:
          sources:
            <sourcename>:
               command:
                  sync:
                    pre:
                       name: echo
                       arguments:
                         - pre
- sync
                         - "%{mdb:uid}"
                  cutover:
                    pre:
                       name: echo
                       arguments:
17
                         - pre
                         - cutover
                          - "%{mdb:uid}"
```



3.12.3 Mail Sync

Overrides the migration command. This must be a Doveadm-Sync command.

Configuration:

```
1 dmf:
2 doveadm:
3 sources:
4 <sourcename>:
5 command:
6 sync:
7 sync:
8 name: doveadm
9 ...
10 cutover:
11 sync:
12 name: doveadm
...
13 ...
```

3.12.4 Post Mail Sync

This can be any shell command and it is executed after a successful migration command. An applicable example would be to specify a shell script that takes the sourceUid or targetUid and changes a proxy status.

Configuration:

```
dmf:
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
       doveadm:
         sources:
            <sourcename>:
              command:
                 sync:
                   post:
                     name: echo
                      arguments:
                        - post
                        - sync
                        - "%{mdb:uid}"
                 cutover:
                   post:
                      name: echo
16
17
                      arguments:
                        - post
                        - cutover
                        - "%{mdb:uid}"
```

3.12.5 Mail Sync Failure

This can be any shell command and it is executed after a migration command failure. If retries are configured, this is only executed if the last retry is still a failure. An applicable example would be to specify a shell script that takes the sourceUid and unlocks the source mail account.

```
dmf:
doveadm:
sources:
command:
command:
sync:
failure:
name: echo
arguments:
```



```
10 - failure
11 - sync
12 - "%{mdb:uid}"
13 cutover:
14 failure:
15 name: echo
16 arguments:
17 - failure
18 - cutover
19 - "%{mdb:uid}"
```

3.13 Configurable Failures

By default, the only things that will mark a migration as FAILURE, is a misconfiguration or a failed migration command. However, the other steps in the migration can be configured to mark the migration as FAILURE if they fail.

Note: This will also cause the post migration failure command to be executed. Currently it is only executed if the migration command fails.

This feature is useful when, for instance, you configure a post migration command to do some processing of the mail data, and if that processing fails, then the user should not be marked as migrated.

By default, the doveadm migration command is the only step that will mark a migration as failed if it fails. All other steps by default will not mark a migration as failed if they fail, however, they can be configured to do so.

Configuration:

```
1  dmf:
2  doveadm:
3  sources:
4  <sourcename>:
5  failure-flags:
6  cutover:
7  post-migration-command: true
```

Supported configuration keys: INCLUDE-SNIPPET-28: markdownInclude/2/snippet-28.txt

3.14 Order of Operations

The migration job order of operations (only if configured):

- 1. Move User
- 2. Pre Mail Sync Command
- 3. Copy IMAPC Inbox
- 4. Pre Mail Sync Count
- 5. Mail Sync(Migration) Command + Mail Sync Count
- 6. Remove IMAPC Inbox

Successful Migration Command:

- 1. Post Mail Sync Count
- 2. Post Mail Sync Remote Count
- 3. Flush Metacache
- 4. Clean Metacache
- 5. Post Mail Sync Command

Failed Migration Command:

1. Mail Sync Failure Command



3.15 Job Response Details

Each operation will provide a status in the Migration Job Response details field. This field is a JSON array with the results from the order of operations.

The operation will only be included if the feature supporting that operation is enabled. For instance, if there is not a Pre Mail Sync Command configured, then there will not be a "pre migration command" operation in the details.

Example:

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
    Ε
      {
         "pre migration command": {
           "success": true,
           "command": "echo pre mail sync user1",
           "exitCode": 0,
           "errors": []
         }
      },
         "copy imapc inbox": {
12
13
14
15
           "success": true,
           "errors": []
        }
      },
16
17
         "count local mailbox pre sync": {
18
           "success": true,
19
           "command": "doveadm -f tab mailbox status -u user1 \"messages vsize\" INBOX/* INBOX
20
           "exitCode": 0,
21
22
23
24
25
           "errors": []
      },
         "dsync": {
26
27
           "success": true,
           "command": "doveadm -o imapc_host=host -o imapc_user=user1 -o imapc_password=<hidden
               > -o imapc_port=143 backup -R -u user1 imapc:",
28
           "exitCode": 0,
29
30
31
           "errors": [],
           "attempts": 1,
           "saved": {
32
33
34
             "INBOX": 50,
             "special": 25
35
36
37
           "expunged": {
             "special": 5
38
39
           "invalid": {
             "INBOX": [
40
                "uid1",
41
42
43
44
45
                "uid2"
           }
         }
      },
46
47
         "remove imapc inbox": {
48
           "success": true,
49
50
51
52
53
           "errors": []
         }
         // This should only exist after a dsync success
54
         "count local mailbox post sync": {
55
           "success": true,
           "command": "doveadm -f tab mailbox status -u user1 \"messages vsize\" INBOX/* INBOX
                *",
57
           "exitCode": 0,
```



```
58
59
60
            "errors": []
         }
       },
 61
 62
         // This should only exist after a dsync success
         "count remote mailbox": {
 64
            "success": true,
 65
            "command": "doveadm -f tab -o imapc_host=host -o imapc_user=user1 -o imapc_password
                =<hidden> -o imapc_port=143 -o mail=imapc: mailbox status -u user1 \"messages
                vsize\" INBOX/* INBOX *",
 66
            "exitCode": 0,
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
80
81
82
            "errors": []
         }
       },
       {
          "flush user metacache": {
            "success": true,
            "command": "doveadm metacache flush -u user1",
            "exitCode": 0,
            "errors": []
         }
       },
         "clean user metacache": {
            "success": false,
            "command": "doveadm metacache clean -u user1",
            "exitCode": 75,
 83
            "errors": ["some error message"]
84
85
         }
 86
 87
         // This should only exist after a dsync success
 88
          "post migration command": {
 89
            "success": true,
 90
            "command": "echo post mail sync user1",
 91
            "exitCode": 0,
92
93
94
95
            "errors": []
         }
       },
 96
         // This should only exist after a failure
 97
          "post migration failure command": {
98
            "success": true,
 99
            "command": "echo post mail sync failure user1",
100
            "exitCode": 0,
101
            "errors": []
102
103
       }
104
     ]
```

4 Worker Health

As part of the Micronaut framework, each Worker node monitors several components and reports a health check, which is reachable under the path /health.

It's possible to configure the endpoint to be reachable without authentication and provide a simple status output, and then all other details when authenticated.

4.1 Without Authentication

```
1 curl https://worker:8443/health
```

```
Sample output:
```

```
1 {
2 "status" : "UP"
```



```
3 }
```

4.2 With Authentication and Full Details

```
1 curl -u admin:secret https://worker:8443/health
```

Sample output:

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
       "name": "worker",
        "status": "UP",
       "details": {
          "jdbc": {
            "name": "worker",
"status": "UP",
            "details": {
               "jdbc:mysql://dmf-db:3306/migration?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true": {
                 "name": "worker",
                 "status": "UP",
                 "details": {
                    "database": "MariaDB",
                    "version": "10.5.4-MariaDB-1:10.5.4+maria~focal"
                 }
              }
           }
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
         },
          "compositeDiscoveryClient()": {
            "name": "worker",
            "status": "UP"
          "diskSpace": {
            "name": "worker",
            "status": "UP",
            "details": {
              "total": 126557421568,
               "free": 71800446976,
               "threshold": 10485760
            }
         },
          "service": {
            "name": "worker",
            "status": "UP"
       }
    }
```

4.3 Configuration

Individual health indicators can be turned off with configuration settings, which can be specified through modifying the dmf-worker.yml configuration file or through environment variables.

	Indicator	
Configuration Property	Tree	Description
endpoints.health.disk- space.enabled	diskSpace	Monitors the available disk space of a configurable path and threshold:endpoints.health.disk-space.path (defaults to ".")endpoints.health.disk-space.threshold (in bytes, defaults to 10 MB)
endpoints.health.jdbc.enabl	eđjdbc	Monitors databases.



5 Worker Metrics

Each Worker node exports a number of metrics, currently all being provided by the Micronaut framework. Its metrics API provides JSON data and also offers a Prometheus API.

Note that authentication is required to query metrics and their values by default.

To change that behavior and not require authentication, set the configuration property endpoints.metrics.sensiti to false, either in the configuration file dmf-worker.yml or in as an environment variable.

The whole metrics API can also be disabled altogether by setting endpoints.metrics.enabled to false.

5.1 List of Metrics

A list of metric names can be queried using

```
1 curl -u admin:secret https://worker:8443/metrics
```

```
Sample output:
```

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
      "names": [
        "executor",
        "executor.active",
        "executor.completed",
        "executor.pool.core",
        "executor.pool.max",
        "executor.pool.size",
        "executor.queue.remaining",
        "executor.queued",
        "hikaricp.connections",
        "hikaricp.connections.acquire",
13
14
15
        "hikaricp.connections.active",
        "hikaricp.connections.creation",
        "hikaricp.connections.idle",
16
17
        "hikaricp.connections.max",
        "hikaricp.connections.min"
18
        "hikaricp.connections.pending",
19
        "hikaricp.connections.timeout",
20
        "hikaricp.connections.usage",
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
        "jvm.buffer.count",
        "jvm.buffer.memory.used",
        "jvm.buffer.total.capacity",
        "jvm.classes.loaded",
        "jvm.classes.unloaded"
        "jvm.gc.live.data.size",
        "jvm.gc.max.data.size"
        "jvm.gc.memory.allocated",
29
        "jvm.gc.memory.promoted",
30
         "jvm.gc.pause",
31
        "jvm.memory.committed",
32
        "jvm.memory.max",
         "jvm.memory.used"
        "jvm.threads.daemon",
35
        "jvm.threads.live",
36
        "jvm.threads.peak",
37
        "jvm.threads.states"
38
        "logback.events",
        "process.cpu.usage",
        "process.files.max",
41
        "process.files.open",
        "process.start.time",
43
44
         "process.uptime",
        "system.cpu.count",
45
         "system.cpu.usage",
         "system.load.average.1m"
```



```
48 }
```

5.2 Query a Metric

Querying a specific metric can be achieved as follows:

```
1 curl -u admin:secret https://worker:8443/metrics/process.uptime
```

Sample output:

5.3 Prometheus Metrics API

The values of all metrics can be fetched in Prometheus' format using the /prometheus endoint:

```
1 curl -u admin:secret https://worker:8443/prometheus
```

A portion of the sample output:

6 Beyond Dovecot

This documentation discusses the uses of DMF outside of Dovecot. It is not necessary to review this information for a standard DMF deployment.

Warning

If you have not read all other documentation, you should go back before proceeding.

As previously noted, while DMF stands for *Dovecot* Migration Framework, in reality, it is more like a *Mail* Migration Framework because nothing actually limits you to Dovecot. In fact, bare bones, it is just a job processing framework that allows you to plug in any Job Worker to process your job.

6.1 Job Workers

The DMF Worker deploys with three Job Workers out of the box.



The type of job worker is configured using the dmf.worker.type property.

6.1.1 Doveadm

The doveadm worker is the standard DMF job worker and it is explained in detail in the DMF Doveadm Features section.

```
1 dmf:
2 worker:
3 type: doveadm
```

6.1.2 Simulator

The simulator worker is used for testing both during development and deployment.

This worker does nothing but sleep for a random amount of time between 1 and 10 seconds inclusive - "simulating" the work.

```
1 dmf:
2 worker:
3 type: simulator
```

6.1.3 Command

The command worker is used to simply execute the migration command. It does nothing more.

The migration command is not converted in the same way that the doveadm worker does it. It does support property injection, however, commands will not be converted to doveadm format and passwords will **not** be hidden.

⚠ Warning

do not hard code or inject passwords into the migration command.

This worker allows you to execute any kind of command. You could write a shell command which performs the actual mail sync and configure the migration command to use it.

```
1 dmf:
2 worker:
3 type: command
```

6.2 Custom Migration

It's also possible to implement a custom Job Worker to perform the migration in a custom way that the existing workers cannot do and then plug it into DMF.

7 Shipped Version

7.1 Package open-xchange-dmf-worker

DMF Worker Dovecot Migration Framework Worker.

Version: 1.2.0-7 Type: Other

7.1.1 Installation

Install on nodes with package installer **apt-get** or **yum**:



<package installer> install open-xchange-dmf-worker

7.1.2 Configuration

For details, please see appendix A /opt/open-xchange/dmf/worker/etc/dmf-worker.yml (page 35)

A Configuration Files

File 1 /opt/open-xchange/dmf/worker/etc/dmf-worker.yml

```
1
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
    micronaut:
      # The Worker exposes web services for metrics.
      # SSL configuration
      # Required for production environments.
      # See https://docs.micronaut.io/latest/guide/index.html#https for details.
        enabled: true
         key-store:
           path: file:/opt/open-xchange/dmf/certs/keystore.p12
           type: PKCS12
           password:
        port: 8443
13
14
15
16
17
      application:
        name: worker
      metrics:
        enabled: true
        export:
18
          prometheus:
19
             enabled: true
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
             descriptions: true
             step: PT1M
      ####
      # Configure server thread pools.
      # See Micronaut doc: https://docs.micronaut.io/latest/guide/index.html#threadPools
      ####
      executors:
        # The pool where workers are executed.
29
30
        \hbox{\tt\#~The~number~of~threads~must~be~greater~than~dmf.worker.jobs.max~or~there}
        # will be thread queuing which will cause jobs to wait.
31
32
33
        worker-executor:
          name: worker-executor
34
35
36
37
38
           # No more than the number of threads
          type: fixed
          number-of-threads: 100
        ####
        # The pool where non worker threads are executed. This is mainly related to log
        # processing.
40
        # The number of threads must be at least equal to worker-executor
41
        ####
        command-executor:
43
44
45
46
           name: command-executor
           # No more than the number of threads
           type: fixed
           number-of-threads: 100
      http:
        services:
           ####
           # Configure the HTTP connection properties for the doveadm HTTP APIs.
           # This configuration is shared for all defined doveadm HTTP configurations.
           # This is where SSL can be enabled and configured.
           ####
           doveadm:
             ssl: {}
```



```
56
57
58
                  enabled: true
                  trust-store:
                    path: file:/opt/open-xchange/dmf/certs/doveadm.p12
59
                    password:
60
                    type: PKCS12
61
       security:
62
        enabled: true
63
         #ip-patterns:
64
65
         # - 127.0.0.1
66
     endpoints:
67
      all:
68
         enabled: true
69
        sensitive: true
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
    # Set the basic auth username and password that can be used to reach
     # any built in endpoint
    http:
       admin:
         username:
         password:
 78
    # This will connect the worker to the DMF Migration database
79
     # to get/update worker state and get/update migration jobs
     datasources:
81
       default:
82
         # url should use createDatabaseIfNotExist=true if the database will not
83
         # already exist: https://dev.mysql.com/doc/connector-j/8.0/en/connector-j-reference-
             configuration-properties.html
84
         url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/migration?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true
85
         username:
         password:
86
87
         dialect: MYSQL
88
         driverClassName: org.mariadb.jdbc.Driver
89
90
     dmf:
91
       worker:
92
         crypto:
93
           #####################
94
           # Enable user password encryption. If commands will use user passwords then they
95
           # to be decrypted which requires use of the private key that they were encrypted
               with.
96
           # Provide each key that has been used to encrypt user passwords here. The keyName is
                the
97
           # name of the key that was configured in the DMF Scheduler to encrypt a password,
               and also
98
           # identifies the key in the KeyStore if used.
99
           # The file is a fully qualified path to either a plain file that contains the
100
           # encoded bytes of the symmetric AES-256 key, or a Java KeyStore file. To use a
101
           # Keystore, prefix the file path with "keystore:". The secret is required if a JKS
               is used.
102
           # You can list any number of storage keys here.
103
           ####################
104
           storageKeys:
105
           # keyName:
106
           #
               file:
107
           #
                secret:
108
         sources: default
109
         state:
110
           # The workers initial state. When using the database state type, if the worker has
111
           # previously started then it will use the initial state in the database to determine
                how to start.
112
           # Current options:
113
               1. STARTED
114
           #
                2. STOPPED
115
           initial: STARTED
116
           # The way the worker will collect and store its state.
117
                1. database - uses the DMF migration database
118
119
                2. config - uses this config to get the initial state and max jobs
```



```
type: database
121
         jobs:
122
           cache:
123
             size: 1000
124
             refresh: 5s
125
           # Max number of jobs to queue at a time. When using the database state type, if the
               Worker has previously
126
           # been started, then this value will be ignored and the maxThreads defined for the
               worker will be used.
127
128
           # Keep in mind that if the executor pool is smaller than this number then
129
           # some jobs will be waiting in the executor pool.
130
           max: 10
131
           termination:
132
             # The max time to wait in ms for jobs to complete on application termination
                 before willfully shutting down.
133
             # Shutting down the application while jobs are running can leave DMF in a corrupt
                 state if jobs do not complete.
134
             # While jobs should shutdown quickly when abort is called, this should be set to a
                  high value.
135
             timeout: 30000
136
           poller:
137
             # The job poller type. Current options:
138
             #
                  1. database - collects jobs from the DMF migration database
                  2. simulator - creates simulated jobs meant for testing other parts of DMF
139
140
             type: database
141
             simulator:
142
               max-jobs: 5
143
               max-wait-ms: 0
144
         identity:
           # Identifies a group of DMF workers. This should be the same for all DMF workers
145
               that service a particular Dovecot platform.
146
           # This should match a "target" that has been registered with the DMF REST API.
147
           target: default
148
           # Identifies this worker within a group of DMF workers. This should be unique within
                a target.
149
           memberid:
150
         # The worker type. Current options:
151
              1. doveadm - uses doveadm to complete the migration job
              2.\ \mbox{command} - executes the migration command as is
152
153
              3. simulator - does not actually run any commands meant for testing the Worker
             roundtrip
154
         type: doveadm
155
         command:
156
           logging:
157
             # Where to redirect standard out and error when running commands
158
             # Options:
159
                1. file: logs to a file (see file properties)
160
                 2. logger: logs to the logger
                3. off: silences logging
161
162
             type: file
163
             file:
               \mbox{\tt\#} The log file name format. You can use the following specifiers:
164
165
                  * source: the source name
166
                   * user: the target uid
167
               #
                  * phase: the migration phase (pre-sync, cutover)
168
                  * job: the job id
169
                  * date: the YYYY-MM-DD date
170
               format: "%(source)-%(user)-user-migration.log"
171
               location: /app
172
               delete-on-success: true
173
       # Define doveadm properties
174
       doveadm:
175
         # The path to the doveadm command
176
         path: "/usr/bin/doveadm"
177
         # DMF Source specific properties should go under the source name key
178
179
           # If a source is not defined then it will use the default if it exists
180
           default:
181
182
             # The worker will create a log analyzer which can be used for finding errors (some
                  which
```



```
183
             # could be automatically resolved) and mailbox statistics.
184
             # By setting to false, the following functionality will be lost:
185
                - Find and resolve duplicate UIDs
186
             #
                 - Find and resolve failed save due to timeout
                - Collect errors for the job response
187
             #
188
             #
                - Collect sync mail statistics
189
             ####
190
             analyze-log: true
191
             ####
             # If the migration command fails due to mails with duplicate UIDs, then it will
192
193
             # to connect to the source IMAP to move those duplicate mails into a folder called
194
             # lost+found-<originalFolderName>. If retry is enabled then the command will be
195
             # Duplicates can only be found if analyze-log is enabled.
196
             ####
197
             move-duplicates: false
198
             ####
199
             # A hack to speed up delta syncs with pop3 uild. It copies the local user's INBOX
200
             # mailbox to <userHome>/imapc/.INBOX/.INBOX.
201
             # This is done after the pre migration script but before the migration command
202
             ####
203
             copy-imapc-inbox: false
204
             ####
205
             # If using copy-imapc-inbox, this will remove the created imapc folder for the
                 local user.
206
             # This is done after the migration command, regardless of outcome, but before
207
             # any post migration script
208
             ####
209
             remove-imapc-path: false
210
             ####
211
             # Metacache clean/flush settings. Replaces the legacy "flush-metacache" and "clean
                 -metacache" settings,
             # however, if the legacy settings are set as 'true' then they will be used
212
213
             ####
214
             metacache:
215
               ####
216
               # Executes metacache flush for the local user.
217
               # This is executed before the post migration scripts.
218
               ####
219
               flush:
220
                 on-success: false
221
                 on-failure: false
222
223
               # Executes metacache clean for the local user.
224
               # This is executed before the post migration scripts.
225
               ####
226
               clean:
227
                 on-success: false
228
                 on-failure: false
229
             ####
230
             # Gets the userdb_container value in the file /etc/dovecot/passwd.container for
                 the value of
231
             # imapcoptions defined for the user. If imapcoptions is not set for the user, but
                 this is enabled
232
             # then it wont be used. The found value can be injected into migration commands
                 with %{mdb:container}
233
             ####
234
             fetch-container: false
235
             ####
236
             # The dovecot passwd.container file path that is used when fetch-container is
237
238
             container-file: /etc/dovecot/passwd.container
239
             ####
240
             # Target director config
241
             ####
242
             director:
243
              ####
244
              # Informs the worker that it should use its director's HTTP API
245
               # to communicate about the migration. This requires the http configuration
246
               # and the HTTP API to exist on a director.
```



```
247
               ####
248
               enabled: false
249
               ####
250
               # When enabled, DMF will get the Dovecot backend on the Source from the
251
               # Director via the doveadm HTTP API. DMF first attempts to get the user's
252
               # assigned backend, but if the response does not include a backend, then
253
               # it will randomly select one of the director's backends and execute a
254
               # directorMove command for the user with that randomly selected backend.
255
               # DMF then checks the sourcehosts storage to check if there are commands
256
               # configured for the new sourcehost. If there are, it will use them, if not
257
               # then it will use the sourcehost that was originally tied to the user.
258
               # It may be required to define each backend as a sourcehost though as the
259
               # sourcehost name provided by the director may not be known, thus you can
260
               # define the actual sourcehost name in the migration command. Alternatively, if
261
               # you can use the sourcehost name returned by the director, then you can use the
262
               # mdb formatter "directorSourcehost" in the migration command to use this
                   sourcehost
263
               # instead of the one defined for the user.
264
               ####
265
               use-sourcehost: false
266
               ####
267
               # Use the doveadm HTTP API to kick the user with the directorKick command.
               # Set to true for whichever phase(s) that DMF should perform this.
268
269
               # This is the very first operation that DMF performs.
270
271
               kick:
272
                 sync: false
273
                 cutover: false
274
               ####
275
               # Inform the director layer via the HTTP API about being managed by this backend
276
               # If use-director property is set then this will use the directors IP.
277
               ####
278
               move-user: false
279
             ####
280
             # Properties to configure counting of mailbox messages and size
281
             ####
282
             count:
283
               ####
284
               # Collect local mailbox stats after the pre migration script but before the
285
               # migration command. The results are simply logged.
286
               ####
287
               pre: true
288
289
               # Count the number of saved and expunged mails during the migration command.
290
               # The results are stored with the job response as the sync saved and expunged
291
               # message counts.
292
               # Sync stats can only be collected if analyze-log is enabled.
293
               ####
294
               svnc: true
295
               ####
296
               # Collect local mailbox stats after the successful migration command but
               # before the post migration script. The results are stored with the job
297
298
               # response as the target mailbox size and message count.
299
               ####
300
               post: true
301
               ####
302
               # Collect the remote mailbox stats after the successful migration command but
303
               # before the post migration script. The results are stored with the job
304
               # response as the origin mailbox size and message count.
305
               ####
306
               remote: true
307
308
               # The protocol to use when executing the remote count if the default command
                   will be used.
309
               # Options:
310
               #
                   - doveadm: doveadm -o doveadm_password = <doveadm.password > mailbox status -u
                               -S <doveadm.host>:<doveadm.port> "messages vsize" INBOX/* INBOX *
311
312
               #
                   - imapc: doveadm -o imapc_ssl=<imaps/no> -o imapc_host=<sourcehost> -o
                   imapc_user=<ruid>
313
                            -o imapc_password=<password> -o imapc_port=<port> -o mail=imapc:
```



```
314
                             mailbox status -u <uid> "messages vsize" INBOX/* INBOX *
315
               #
                   - http: uses the configured doveadm http api to execute the mailboxStatus
                    command and collect the messages
316
               #
                           and vsize of each mailbox matching the mailboxMask. This requires
                    the worker.doveadm.source.<name>.http
317
                           configuration. Additionally, you may use the remote-http properties
                    to override the default
318
               #
                           mailboxMask or set a socketPath.
319
               ####
320
               remote-protocol: imapc
321
               ####
322
               # Only used for remote-protocol 'http'.
323
               ####
324
               remote-http:
325
                ####
                 # The default mailbox mask is ["INBOX", "INBOX/*", "*"]. If you want to
326
                     specify another mask then
327
                 # add each value in a comma delimited list (no spaces).
328
                 ####
329
                 mailbox-mask:
330
                 ####
331
                 # See doveadm http api mailboxStatus command for why this would be used.
                 # Default is empty
332
333
                 ####
334
                 socket-path:
335
               ####
336
               # When enabled, the remote mailbox count by default will execute doveadm mailbox
                    status
337
               # using the doveadm remote protocol. This can be overridden by defining the
338
               # with the sourcehost definition. It can also be overridden here which will take
                    precedence.
339
               # The format here is the common command format. However, there are restrictions
                   to this.
340
               # The root command "doveadm" and sub command "mailbox status" with fields "
                   messages vsize" will
341
               # always be used and without debug or verbosity, and will use a tab formatter.
                   Do not change these
342
               # or it will corrupt the counting. The only important thing to include are
                   setting overrides and
343
               # mailbox status mailbox patterns.
344
               # Format:
345
               #
                  name: doveadm
346
                   options:
347
               #
348
               #
                       name: -o
349
                       value: "imapc_user=%{mdb:ruid}"
               #
350
               #
351
               #
                       name: -o
352
               #
                       value: "imapc_password=%{conf:imapc_master_password}"
353
               #
354
               #
                       name: -o
                       value: "imapc_host=%{mdb:sourcehost}"
355
               #
356
               #
357
               #
                       name: -o
358
                       value: "mail=imapc:"
               #
                 sub-command:
359
360
               #
                    name: mailbox status
361
               #
                    arguments:
362
                      - "messages vsize"
                      - "INBOX/*"
363
               #
364
               #
                      - "INBOX"
                      - "*"
365
366
               #
                    options:
367
               #
368
               #
                        name: -u
369
               #
                        value: "%{mdb:uid}"
370
               ####
371
               remote-command:
372
             ####
373
             # Properties to configure retrying the migration command after a failure.
374
             ####
```



```
375
             retry:
376
               ####
377
               # Max number of retries for doveadm sync errors which are non fatal.
378
               # To override any specific error code, use code-max.
379
               ####
380
               max: 1
381
               ####
382
               \# The amount of time in ms to sleep before retrying the migration command.
383
               # To override any specific error code, use code-sleep.
384
               ####
385
               sleep: 5000
386
               ####
387
               # Override for max on the error code level. Format is:
388
               # code-max:
389
               # <code>: <num retries>
390
               ####
391
               code-max:
392
                 134: 2
393
                 75: 4
394
               ####
395
               # Override for sleep on the error code level. Format is:
396
               # code-sleep:
397
                   <code>: <time_in_ms>
398
               ####
399
               code-sleep:
400
                 75: 15000
401
               ####
402
               # By default, retries will not run in debug mode.
403
               \mbox{\tt\#} To enable debug mode for retries, set the flag below to true:
404
                   <debug-mode>: <true>
405
               # NOTE: Retry with debug is only used when storage timeout is detected
406
               # on previous attempt.
407
               ####
408
               debug-mode: false
409
             ####
410
             # Properties to define connection to a local DoveAdm HTTP API.
411
             # Currently this is only used when the director is enabled.
412
             ####
413
             #http:
             # url: "https://doveadmhttpapi"
414
415
             # username:
             # password:
# director-tag: aa
416
417
418
             # use-only-tagged: false
419
             ####
420
             # Properties for running doveadm commands on the Source using
             # the doveadm protocol
421
422
             ####
423
             #doveadm:
424
             # password:
425
             # host:
426
             # port: 24245
427
             ####
428
             # IMAP connection properties use to inject into commands or use
429
             # for connecting to a users mailbox. You may specify some or all properties.
430
             # For IMAP connections, these will override values defined with the job.
431
             ####
432
             imapc:
433
               host:
434
               port:
435
               prefix:
436
               master-user:
437
               master-password:
438
               ####
439
               # Specify java mail api properties here
440
               ####
441
               session-properties:
442
443
             # Properties to configure commands accessible by the worker to be executed
444
             # during the specific migration phases.
445
446
             # pre: executed prior to the migration command and some other configurable
```



```
operations.
447
             \# sync: Overrides the migration command.
448
             # post: executed after a successful migration command and some other configurable
                 operations.
449
             # failure: executed after a migration command failure. When retries are enabled,
                 this is
450
             # only executed if the last retry is a failure, otherwise post is executed.
451
452
             # Commands can have properties injected into them:
453
             \# MDB formatters are used like \# mdb:X\}, where X can be: md5path, 2chrruid,
454
                 uid, ruid, sourcehost, source, sourcepasswd, imapcoptions, email, sourceport,
                  imapc_ssl,
455
             #
                  exclude, directorSourcehost
456
             # Conf formatters are used like %(conf:Y), where Y can be any value defined in
                 the "inject" config
457
                 or: imapc_host, imapc_master_password, imapc_master_user, imapc_prefix,
                 imapc_port
458
             ####
459
             command:
460
               ####
461
               # Custom properties that can be defined and injected into the migration or
462
               # other definable commands. For example, if you define:
463
               # inject:
464
                    test: value
465
               # then you can have a command "doveadm backup -o setting=%{conf:test}" and the
                   command
466
               # would resolve to "doveadm backup -o setting=value"
467
               # The order of injection is:
468
               #
                  1. inject properties
469
                  2. user properties - from job
470
               #
                  3. imapc properties - from config
471
               ####
472
               inject:
473
               ####
474
               # Overrides the migration command during pre-sync.
475
476
               # Format + Example:
477
               # svnc:
478
               #
                   sync:
479
                    name: doveadm
480
                     options:
               #
481
               #
482
                         name: -o
483
                         value: "imapc_user=%{mdb:ruid}"
               #
484
               #
485
               #
486
               #
                         value: "imapc_password=%{conf:imapc_master_password}"
487
               #
488
               #
                         name: -o
489
               #
                         value: "imapc_host=%{mdb:sourcehost}"
490
               #
                    sub-command:
491
               #
                      name: backup
492
               #
                      flags: -R
493
               #
                       arguments: "imapc:"
494
               #
                       options:
495
               #
496
               #
                           name: -u
497
                           value: "%{mdb:uid}"
               #
498
               ####
499
               sync:
500
                 ####
501
                 # Example:
502
                 # pre:
503
                 #
                    name: echo
504
                     arguments: "%{mdb:uid}"
                 #
505
                 ####
506
                 pre:
507
                 svnc:
                 post:
508
509
                 failure:
510
               ####
```



```
# Overrides the migration command during cutover. See sync for format.
512
               ####
513
               cutover:
514
                 pre:
515
                 sync:
516
                 post:
517
                 failure:
518
             ####
519
             # By default, the doveadm migration command is the only step that will mark a
                 migration
520
             # as failed if it fails. All other steps by default will not mark a migration as
                 failed
521
             # if they fail, however, they can be configured to do so.
522
             # Note: this will cause the post migration failure command to be executed
523
524
             # Supported steps:
525
             #
                   director-use-sourcehost
526
                   director-move-user
             #
527
             #
                   pre-migration-command
528
             #
                   post-migration-command
529
                   copy-imapc-inbox
             #
530
             #
                   remove-imapc-inbox
531
             #
                   count-local-pre
532
             #
                   count-local-post
533
                   count-remote
534
             #
                   flush-metacache
535
             #
                   clean-metacache
536
537
             # Use the step name as key and true as value to enable failure
538
             # Example that will marek the migration as failed if the pre-migration-command
                 step fails:
539
             #
                 failure-flags:
540
             #
                   pre:
541
                     pre-migration-command: true
             #
             ####
542
543
             failure-flags:
544
               ####
545
               # Failure flags for pre-sync phase
546
               ####
547
               pre:
548
               ####
549
               # Failure flags for cutover phase
550
               ####
               cutover:
```